The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXX. NO. 17 GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 18, 1870. WHOLE NO. 3605.

HARPER, [illegible]

PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS.

Baltimore st., between Court-House and Diamond Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal reduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year.—Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, will be neatly executed at short notice. TERMS CASH.

Professional Cards, &c.

H. B. WOODS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Has resumed the Practice of Law, and will attend to any business in the Courts of Adams county. For the present he can be consulted at his Store. March 4, 1870—tf

J. M. KRAUTH, Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. June 18, 1869—tf

D. McCONAUGHY, Attorney at Law, Has taken an office on the west side of BUEHLER'S Brick store, in Luthersburg, Carroll county, Md., and will attend to all legal business, and will practice in the Courts of Carroll, Frederick, Baltimore, Howard, Harford, Cecil, Kent, Queen Anne's, Talbot, Dorchester, Somerset, Worcester and Wicomico counties, Md., and in the Supreme Court of the United States, at all times promptly and efficiently attended to.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and settlement of Estates. All legal business, and in the Orphans' Courts, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against the United States, at all times promptly and efficiently attended to.

Several warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States. June 18, 1869.—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care. Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care. Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court House. Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Has his residence on the South-east corner of Centre Square. May 29, 1867.

DR. H. S. HUBER, *S. E. Corner of Chambersburg and Washington street* OPPOSITE COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL. June 11 1869.—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office. Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., *DENTIST* Office in Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the Eagle Hotel, GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

☞Having been in constant practice over 20 years, patients can be assured of good work. [July 9—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in York street, nearly opposite the Globe Inn, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist in a workmanlike manner. All work warranted to give satisfaction. Charges reasonable. July 30, 1869.—tf

DR. H. W. LeFEVRE *Littlestown, Adams co., Pa.,* HAVING permanently located in that place, will engage in the general practice of Medicine and Surgery. Office in Lombard street, near Reid's store. [Aug. 20, 1869.—1

Carriages, Harness, &c.

NEW HARNESS SHOP.

JOHN CULP

INFORMS his friends and the public generally that he has resumed the Harness-making business, and opened a Shop on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, adjoining the Passenger depot, where he will manufacture and keep on hand all kinds of

HARNESS, BRIDLES, COLLARS, WHIPS, LASHES, FLY-NETS, &c &c

which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Also,

TRUNKS of all kinds.

REPAIRING and MENDING attended to promptly. Having started at the old business for years, I can guaranty the best kind of work, all being made under my own superintendence. Give me a call. May 7, 1869.—tf JOHN CULP.

DAVID McCREARY. JOHN F. McCREARY

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest, *SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County* are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church (McCREARY'S.)

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles, are the most substantially built and neatest.

Our Harness, (*plain and other mountings*) are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.

Our upper leather Draft Collars, CAN NOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

Our Heavy Draft Harness, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Chains, Fly-nets and everything in the line *None better or cheaper.*

Our prices have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.

A liberal per centage for cash, of all bills amounting to $5 or more.

We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

☞Give us a call and examine PRICES AND QUALITY Jan. 29, 1868.—tf D. McCREARY & SON.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.

The warbeing over, the undersigned have resumed the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

at the stand on East Middle street, Gettysburg where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

☞REPAIRING☜

done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

May 29.—tf DANNER & SIEGLER.

Buggies and Carriages.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making Shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His *work* is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits orders, confident that he can please.

REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates. July 3, 1868.—1y W. K. GALLAGHER.

Fire and Life Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

INCORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope. Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell. Secretary—D. A. Buehler. Treasurer—H. G. Eckenrode. Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. K. Russell, H. G. Eckenrode, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; N. A. Pitzing, Strabane; Adolph F. Gilt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross White, Liberty; M. C. Peters, Petersburg. Y. S.)

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☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 17 years, and for that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $15,000. Any person desiring to effect insurance can apply to either of the managers.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the first Wednesday in every month, at 1 o'clock, P. M. [June 10, 1869.—tf

Business Cards.

BLACKSMITHING.

B. G. HOLLEBAUGH

HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Christman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.

REPAIRING of all kinds. Give me a call. April 30, 1869—tf

JEREMIAH CULP *GETTYSBURG, PA.,* Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,

is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms *COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.*

He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.

PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.

☞York street—a few doors east of Lutheran Church May 27, 1868—tf.

ROBERT D. ARMOR, GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER, *East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house* GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Front Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of a kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.

NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering & Trimming.

WILLIAM E. CULP

HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stable, on Washington street, for

Covering Sofas, Chairs, Mattrasses, and Upholstering in all its branches.

He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate. Gettysburg, Pa., Dec. 11.—tf

COOPERING!

PETER CULP

Has commenced the

COOPERING BUSINESS

in all its branches at his residence on the Mummasburg road, at the east of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa. The public can always have made to order all kinds and styles of

MEAT VESSELS, CROUT STANDS, PICKEL STANDS, TUBS, BLUE BARRELS.

I also manufacture 5 and 10 gal. Kegs, Cider Barrels. And all other kinds of Coopering. Repairing done cheaply and with dispatch. Give us a call. Aug. 13, 1869.—tf

YOUNT'S COMPOUND FOR THE CURE OF PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA

or any other INflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER. This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

a different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to give Gifts that and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The one sent for it has effected as truly marvelous.

☞Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For all steady sale the Store in Adams county.

May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

Surveying--Conveyancing.

J. S. WITHEROW, FAIRFIELD, PA.,

Tenders his services to the public as a

PRACTICAL SURVEYOR,

and is prepared to survey Farms, Lots, &c., on reasonable terms. Having taken out a Conveyancer's License, he will also attend to preparing

DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, LEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING AT SALES, &c.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable.—Post Office address, Fairfield, Adams co., Pa. Jan. 1, 1869.—1

FURNITURE.

D. C. SHEAFFER

PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,

Is prepared to offer to the Public anything in his line on as cheap as can be had in the county.

☞Purchasers will do well to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE

made to order Repairing done neat cheap and with dispatch. Jan. 22, 1868.—tf

CABBAGE SEED.

I HAVE grown and will send by mail the Seed of the following varieties of CABBAGE:

"STONE MASON"—an remarkable great and tender variety. I have succeeded in raising this variety, to weigh from 15 to 22 pounds. Under favorable circumstances every plant will head.

Mammoth Drumhead

—equally good with the Stone mason. Under high culture heads attain to the weight of 40 lbs.

The Seed is put up in packages and sent to any address on the receipt of 50 cts. for one package, or 85 cts. for both varieties.

Directions for successful cultivation accompany each package. Several Specimens of the above varieties were on exhibition at the last agricultural Fair in Gettysburg.

Address SOLOMON WHITMER, Bigler, Adams co., Pa. Oct. 8.—tf

GRANITE-YARD, GETTYSBURG, PA., *ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.*

PETER BEITLER.

Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates,

Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,

cut and finished in every style desired, by best workmen.

☞Orders from a distance promptly attended to. June 3.—tf

BARGAINS IN NEW FURNITURE.

A NUMBER of sets of COTTAGE FURNITURE having been sent by mistake to the Gettysburg Furniture Rooms—parties wishing very cheap and good bargains can have the same by calling immediately at the Furniture Store of Geo. A. Warner & Co., (in Old Sentinel Office.) July 16.—tf PROPRIETORS.

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, opposite the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction. Give him a call. May 29, 1867.

OYSTER SALOON!

JOHN GRUEL

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG, *next door to Eagle Hotel,*

Announces to his friends that in addition to his CONFECTIONARY, he has opened an Oyster Saloon, where during the season he will keep constantly on hand

PRIME OYSTERS,

the best the market can afford, with special accommodations for

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

☞Give us a call.☜ Jan. 21, 1870.—tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.

THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand, *Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.*

All kinds of CRACKERS, CAKES, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c constantly baked and always to be had fresh.

With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction in all cases. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.

April 9, 1869—tf BALTZER NEWPORT.

STEAM SAW MILL.

THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL at the South Mountain, near Graeffenburg Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of

WHITE OAK, PINE, HEMLOCK,

or any kind of Timber desired, at the shortest notice and at low rates. He also manufactures

SHINGLES, PAILINGS, &c.

LUMBER

delivered at any point at the LOWEST RATES. 3 per cent. will be deducted for the cash payments, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would solicit a continuance for the future.

All letters should be addressed to him at Graeffenburg P.O. Adams county, Pa.

HENRY MILTENBERGER. Oct. 29, 1869.—tf

Carpenters and Contractors.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son, *GETTYSBURG, PA.,* Carpenters and Contractors.

Doors, Shutters, Blinds, Door and Window Frames, Cornice, Door & Window Brackets, &c.

Constantly on hand and manufactured to order on

BEST MATERIALS,

by experienced workmen, and at

REASONABLE PRICES.

☞*Orders* promptly attended to. Jan. 15, 1869.—tf

GEO. C. CASHMAN, GETTYSBURG, PA., Carpenter and Contractor,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has removed to his new Shop on Stratton street between York and Railroad streets and is prepared to take contracts for putting up and repairing Buildings, at as reasonable rate as any builder in Gettysburg—all work guaranteed to be of best quality. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit public patronage. Give me a call. April 9, 1869.—tf

WM. CHRITZMAN, GETTYSBURG, PA., Carpenter and Contractor,

Having removed to my new Shop *On Washington street, between Middle and Chambersburg streets,*

and introduced Steam Power, I am prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

☞Orders for all kinds of Brackets, Scrolls, Mouldings, &c., promptly filled and on reasonable terms. April 16, 1869.—tf

Butchering.

MEAT MARKET!

NEW FIRM!

GEORGE B. STOVER & THADDEUS S. WIBLE,

HAVING entered into partnership in the BUTCHERING BUSINESS, will carry it on in all its branches. All kinds of

Fresh Meat Every Day.

Beef every Tuesday and Saturday morning. Small meats every Wednesday, Thursday and Friday morning.

Market stand at Geo. B. Stover's residence on Chambersburg street, second Square.

Those having fat stock for sale will find it to their advantage to call on or address the new Firm.

STOVER & WIBLE. Aug. 13, 1869—tf

West Middle Street Market

(NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE.)

Every Day in the Week,

SUNDAY EXCEPTED,

Fresh Beef three times a week, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday mornings. Lamb, Veal or Mutton every day. Orders left at my market in the evening, will be promptly delivered the following morning.

GEORGE A. GODORI. June 18, 1869—tf

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

Hardware and Groceries.

The subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE and GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand on Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

CARPENTER'S TOOLS, BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS, SHOE FINDINGS, COACH FINDINGS, CABINET-MAKER'S TOOLS, HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES, ALL KINDS OF IRON, & *GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS.*

Oils, Paints, &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at our counters. Every article in our line will be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call and be convinced, as we feel sure as such as any other house out of the City.

ALLEMAN & FISELER. JOHN B. GARNER. May 29, 1867—tf

Medical.

Baltimore Lock Hospital.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Physician of this celebrated Institution, has Discovered the most Certain, Speedy, Pleasant and Effectual Remedy in the World for all

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE.

Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affection of the Kidneys or Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible Disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—secret and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of the Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

Especially, who have become the Victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or wakened to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency), Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other Disqualification, speedily relieved.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

IMPOTENCY, LOSS OF POWER,

Immediately Cured and Full Vigor Restored.

This distressing Affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those failing into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility and Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

Relief in six Hours! No Mercury! Persons Ruined by Ignorant, Trifling Pretenders and their Deadly Poisons, should apply immediately.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduate of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the pride of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyment of life by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

Reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view, the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another is blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has sacrificed the greatest of all painful blessings, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease makes their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration till death puts a period to his dreadful suffering, by sending him to that undiscovered country whence no traveller returns.

It is a melancholy fact that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through failing into the hands of Ignorant or unskilful PRETENDERS, who, by the use of that deadly Poison, Mercury, &c., destroy the constitution, and incapable of curing. Keep the unhappy sufferer month after month taking their noxious or injurious compounds, and instead of being restored to a sound state of health, renders the case more confirmed and hence no traveller returns.

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Another lady, but quite different from the other—a slender little cast down lady, with a head that drooped like a lily of the valley, and a dress of brown silk, that had been mended, and turned, and re-turned, re-trimmed; and even Nahum Briggs, man and bachelor though he was, could see how shabby it was. Yet she was pretty, with big blue eyes, and shining brown hair, and cheeks tinged with a fair, fleeting color, where the velvety roses of youth had once bloomed in vivid carmine. And a golden-haired little lassie clung to her dress; like the tiny little buds to a blooming chime of flower bells.

As Nahum Briggs stood looking at her, there came back to him the sun shiny days of youth; a field of blooming clover crimsoned the June light like waves of blood, and a blue-eyed girl leaning over the fence with her bright hair barred with level sunset gold, and he knew that he was standing face to face with Barbara Wylie, the girl he had quarreled with years and years ago, and whose blue eyes had kept him an old bachelor all his life long.

"This house is to be let, I believe?" she asked timidly, with a little quiver in her mouth.

"I believe it is, Barbara Wylie."

She looked up, starting with a sudden flush of recognition.

And then Barbara turned very pale, and began to weep, with the golden haired girl clinging to her skirts, and wailing—

"Mamma, mamma—what's the matter, mamma?"

"Nothing now," said Barbara, resolutely brushing away the tears.

"If you please, Mr. Briggs, I will look at the house; I am a widow now, and very poor, and I think of keeping a boarding house to earn my daily bread. I hope the rent is not very high?"

"We'll talk about the rent afterwards," said Nahum, fiercely swallowing down a big lump in his throat that threatened to choke him.

"Come here, little girl, and kiss me; I used to know your mamma when she wasn't much bigger than you are."

Barbara, with her blue eyes still drooping, went all over the house, without finding a word of fault, and Nahum Briggs walked at her side, wondering if it was really fifteen years since the June sunshine lay so brightly on the clover field.

"I think the house is beautiful," said meek Barbara. "Will you rent it to me, Nahum?"

"Well, yes," said Nahum thoughtfully. "I'll let you have my house, if you want it, Barbara."

"With the privilege of keeping a few boarders?"

"No, ma'am."

Barbara stopped and looked wistfully at him.

"But I don't think you understand how very poor I am, Mr. Briggs."

"Yes I do."

"And that I cannot afford to take the house, without the privilege of boarders."

"I tell you what, Barbara," said Mr. Briggs dictatorially, "I'll give you the privilege of keeping just one boarder, and him you'll have to keep all your life long, if you once take him."

"I don't think I quite understand, sir."

"Nahum Briggs," said Barbara, her pink blushed very becomingly, and we are rather inclined to think that she told a naughty little fib.

"What do you say to me for a boarder, Barbara?" said the old bachelor, taking both the widow's hands in his. "Barbara, we were young fools once, but that is no reason why we should be old fools now. I like you just as well as ever I did, and I'll do my best to be a good husband to you, and a good father to your little girl, if you'll be my wife."

Barbara blushed again, and hesitated, but Nahum was not be eluded thus.

"Shall I take down the sign 'To Let,' Barbara?"

"Yes," she murmured, almost under her breath.

So Nahum went deliberately out, and coolly tore down the bill, to the great astonishment and disappointment of a party of rabid house hunters, who were just ascending the steps.

"And when shall we be married, Barbara?" he next demanded

"In the summer, perhaps," said Mrs. Barbara shyly.

"To morrow," said Nahum decisively, and "to-morrow" it was.

"Upon my word, Barbara," said Nahum, on the first day of May, as he watched his wife's blooming face behind the coffee urn, "you can't think how much jollier it is with you for a housekeeper than that hag, Mrs. Parley."

Barbara only laughed, and said "he was a dear, good old stupid."

So the probabilities are that neither Mr. Nahum Briggs, nor his brown stone house will be in market again, or "To Let—Inquire Within."

EDITORIAL SCISSORING.—Most people think the selection of suitable matter for a newspaper the easiest part of the business. How great an error. We look over fifty exchange papers daily, from which to select enough for one, especially when the question is not what shall, but what shall not be selected, is no very easy task. If every person who reads a newspaper could have edited it, we should have less complaints. Not unfrequently it is the case that an editor looks over all his exchange papers for someting interesting, and can find absolutely nothing. Every paper is drier than a contribution box, and yet something must be had—his paper must be out with something in it, and he does the best he can. To an editor who has the least care in what he selects, the writing he has to do is the easiest part of his labor. Every subscriber thinks the paper is printed for his own benefit, and if there is nothing that suits him, it must be good for nothing. As many subscribers as an editor has, so many tastes has he to consult.

One wants something very smart and another something sound. One likes anecdotes, fun and frolic, and the next door neighbor wonders that a man of sense will put such stuff in his paper.

Something spicy comes out and the editor is a dull fool, and so between them all the poor fellow gets well abused. They never reflect that what does not suit them will please the next man, but they insist that if the paper does not suit them it is good for nothing, and will stop it right off. —*Exchange.*

We clip the following from an exchange, and give it to our readers because of its truthfulness. It is rather a queer piece of poetic prose, and yet contains more truth than poetry. We commend it to the notice of all business men:

"When trade grew slack, and notes fell due, the merchant's face grew long and blue; his dreams were troubled through the night with sheriff's, bailiffs, all in sight. At last his wife unto him said, 'Rise up at once, get out of bed, and get your paper, ink, and pen, and say these words unto all men:

'My goods I wish to sell to you, and to your wives and daughters too; my prices they shall be so low, that each shall buy before they go.'

"He did as his good wife advised, and in the paper advertised. Crowds came and bought of all he had; his notes were paid, his dreams were glad, and he will tell you to this day how well did printer's ink repay.

"He told us, with a knowing wink, he was saved with printer's ink.

"The other in a place as tight, contented was the press to slight. And did not let the people know of what he had or where to go.

"His drafts were due and were not paid; a levy on his goods was made; the store was closed until the sale, and for some time he was in jail. A bankrupt now without a cent, at leisure he can deep repent, that he was foolish and unwise, and did not freely advertise."

GOD BLESS THE WOMEN AND BABIES.—They were once so scarce in California that as a woman walked on the street men would stop and stare at her as at an angel. Babies were so scarce that once in a theatre in San Francisco, where a mother had taken her child, it began to cry just as the orchestra struck up; a fellow in the pit shouted: "Stop those fiddles and let the baby cry, I haven't heard such a sound for ten years." The audience applauded the sentiment, the orchestra stopped, and the baby continued its performance amid universal and unbounded enthusiasm!

PATRICK saw a bull pawing in the field, and thought what fun it would be to jump over, catch him by the horns, and rub his nose in the dirt. That idea was so funny that he lay down and laughed to think of it. The more he thought of it the funnier it seemed, and he determined to do it. Boyus quickly tossed him over the fence again. Somewhat bruised, Patrick leisurely picked himself up, with the consolatory reflection: "Well, it is a mighty foine thing I had my laugh first."

"EVERYTHING has its use," said a philosophical professor to his class,

"Of what use is a drunkard's fiery red nose?" asked one of his pupils.

"It is a lighthouse," answered the professor, "to warn us of the little water that flows underneath it, and to remind us of the shoals of appetite on which we might otherwise be wrecked."

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN once wrote—

"He who by the plow would thrive, Himself must either hold or drive."

These lines were very popular in their day, and even now they are occasionally quoted by old fogies. But some person has eclipsed them in the following:

"He who by his biz would rise, Must either bust or advertise."

ENTHUSIASTIC American Tourist in England.—"This can not be Robert Hall's skull; I saw it in London, and it was much smaller than this."

Museum Man.—"Oh, Sir, but this was Robert Hall's skull when he was a boy; this one was after he grew up."

MEN of the noblest dispositions think themselves happiest when others share their happiness with them.

CORONERS' juries call delirium tremens "mixed collaterals."

The Star and Sentinel.

THE REWARD.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

Who, looking backward from his manhood's prime,
Sees not the spectre of his mis spent time?
And, through the shade
Of funeral cypress, planted thick behind,
Hears no reproachful whisper on the winds,
From his loved dead?

Who bears no trace of passion's evil face?
Who shuns thy sting, O terrible remorse?
Who does not cast
On the thronged pages of his memory's book,
At times, a sad and half reluctant look,
Regretful of the past?

Alas! the evil which we fain would shun
We do, and leave the wished-for good undone;
Our strength to-day
Is but to-morrow's weakness, prone to fall;
Poor, blind, unprofitable servants all,
Are we always.

Yet who, thus looking backward o'er his years,
Feels not his eyelids wet with grateful tears,
If he hath been
Permitted, weak and sinful as he was,
To cheer and aid in some ennobling cause
His fellow men?

If he hath hidden the outcast, or let in
A ray of sunshine to the cell of sin:
If he hath lent
Strength to the weak and in an hour of need,
Over the suffering, mindless of his creed
Or home, hath bent:

He has not lived in vain. And while he gives
The praise to Him in whom he moves and lives,
With thankful heart,
He gazes backward, and with hope before,
Knowing that from his works he never more
Can henceforth part.

TO LET—INQUIRE WITHIN.

The lady flounced on in a rage. Two young damsels and a splinter aunt followed, and after a lengthy inspection of the premises, came to a state council in the parlor.

"Very good, ma'am," said Nahum, rubbing his hands, and scenting a speedy termination to his trials. "Name 'em."

"The door handles must all be gilded, and I should like the house newly papered in velvet, and re-painted, and the partition between the parlors taken down and replaced by an arch, and an extension dining-room built on behind, and a new style of range in the kitchen, and a dumb waiter put in, and new bronze chandeliers throughout, and another furnace in the sub-cellar, and—"

"Hold on, ma'am—just hold on one minute," said Nahum, feebly gasping for breath. "Wouldn't you like the old house carted away, and a new one put in its place? I think it would be rather less trouble than to making the trifling alterations you suggest."

"Sir?" said the spinster, loftily.

"I don't catalk to no man unproperly, mim'am."

"Very well—very well—some girls."

With prim diginity the lady marshalled her two charges out, muttering something about the "extortionate ideas of landlords now-a-days."

While Nahum, wildly rumpling his irongrey hair with both hands, soliloquized:

"Well, if Job had been alive, and had a house to let, there never would have been any book of Job written. There goes that everlasting bell again! It'll beat it out by the roots, if this thing goes on much longer. I'll tear down the bell, and put up the place at auction."

Another lady, but quite different from the other—a slender little cast down lady, with a head that drooped like a lily of the valley, and a dress of brown silk, that had been mended, and turned, and re-turned, re-trimmed; and even Nahum Briggs, man and bachelor though he was, could see how shabby it was. Yet she was pretty, with big blue eyes, and shining brown hair, and cheeks tinged with a fair, fleeting color, where the velvety roses of youth had once bloomed in vivid carmine. And a golden-haired little lassie clung to her dress; like the tiny little buds to a blooming chime of flower bells.

As Nahum Briggs stood looking at her, there came back to him the sun shiny days of youth; a field of blooming clover crimsoned the June light like waves of blood, and a blue-eyed girl leaning over the fence with her bright hair barred with level sunset gold, and he knew that he was standing face to face with Barbara Wylie, the girl he had quarreled with years and years ago, and whose blue eyes had kept him an old bachelor all his life long.

"This house is to be let, I believe?" she asked timidly, with a little quiver in her mouth.

"I believe it is

The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, March 18, 1870.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 12,000 persons.

* THE State Treasury Investigation has fizzled out. After Mr. Mackey left the stand, Gen. Irwin was called, but he refused to testify on the ground that his accounts as State Treasurer had been regularly audited and closed with the expiration of his term of office, and that it was not competent for the Legislature to re-open them by a Committee, in the absence of any charges of official delinquency. He was prepared to meet any charges that might be made and courted investigation before a Judicial tribunal, but refused to be sworn by a Legislative Committee, not being now in official position. Other ex-Treasurers had also been subpœnaed, but it is understood, when called, they would take the same ground.—Gen. Irwin's refusal to be sworn was reported to the Senate, which body ordered him to be brought to the bar of the Senate to answer for contempt, but the next day re-considered its action, eminent legal counsel having in the mean time given opinions sustaining Gen. Irwin's position. This, we presume, ends the investigation. Sufficient, however, was developed during Mr. Mackey's examination to show that the Treasury department has been loosely conducted, a large amount of funds being deposited with banks and bankers, the vault account, representing from $5,000 to $400,000, being made up of due-bills, sight-drafts, &c. Mr. Mackey refused to answer the question whether he received compensation for these deposits, and there can be no doubt that the State Treasurers for years have made these deposits enure largely to their pecuniary benefit.—The Legislature will signally fail to discharge its duty if it adjourns without some stringent enactment to cure these evils in future.

THE Republican victory in New Hampshire is even more decisive than the first telegrams made it, the Republicans sweeping everything as against the combined opposition. As usual, Democratic editors, to break the force of the triumph, have commenced "figuring," to show that there was a Republican loss as compared with previous elections. To make their statement plausible, they withhold the actual figures and give only the plurality vote of the Republican candidate for Governor. Now what are the facts?

Last year, 1869, the Republican vote was 35,777; Democratic, 32,094—Republican majority 3,773.

This year, 1870, the Republican vote is 34,814; Democratic, 25,123—Republican majority 9,691.

Here we have a falling off in the Republican vote of 963, and in the Democratic vote of 6,881.

This year the Labor Reform and Temperance organizations had separate Gubernatorial candidates, the former polling 7,264 votes and the latter 1,157. The Republican majority over the combined opposition is 1,270. Last year the Senate stood, 9 Republicans and 3 Democrats, with 53 Republican majority in the House. This year the Senate will stand, 11 Republicans and 1 Democrat, with about 70 Republican majority in the House. If the Democracy can get any comfort out of these figures, they are welcome to it.

CAPT. EYRE, of the British mail steamer Bombay, which ran down and sunk a U. States War vessel (the Oneida) in the Chinese waters, causing the loss of nearly all the officers and crew, has been suspended from service for six months by a Court of Inquiry which sat at Yokohama. Capt. Eyre's heartless refusal to answer the signals of distress from the Oneida and the light sentence imposed by the Court, have produced a good deal of feeling, and it is probable that our Government will take action in the premises. The prominent English journals denounce his conduct as dishonorable to the British flag. If the statements of the surviving officers and crew of the Oneida be true, Capt. Eyre was guilty of wholesale murder, and should be tried as a murderer.

LAST week the House passed the Bill to admit Georgia, with an amendment offered by Mr. Bingham looking to the displacement of the present State officers by a new election. This amendment is unacceptable to the Georgia loyalists, and an effort will be made in the Senate to strike it out. On Tuesday the House passed, by a strict party vote, Mr. Butler's bill to admit Texas.

On Wednesday, Mr. Revels, the colored Senator from Mississippi, made his first speech in the Senate on the Georgia Bill, opposing the Bingham amendment, and making an able, earnest and effective appeal in behalf of his race, which was listened to with deep interest by the crowded floor and galleries. At its close he was warmly congratulated by a number of Senators.

YERGER, the assassin of Col. Crane, has made his escape from a Mississippi Jail. He was tried before by Military Commission, found guilty, and sentenced to death. The case was taken, on writ of *habeas corpus*, to the Supreme Court of the United States, and Yerger remanded to the Civil authorities, on the ground that the trial by a Military Court was illegal. Col. Crane was acting Mayor of Mobile by Military appointment. Yerger was a vindictive Rebel, and the murder a deliberate, cold-blooded affair.

IN Nebraska, the strong-minded females have been having a taste of the glories of "woman's rights." In a murder case at Laramie City, four ladies were empanelled on the Jury, and the Jury were out four nights unable to agree on a verdict. The Court refused to discharge them, and on Monday they rendered a verdict of manslaughter in the first degree. The ladies appeared worn out, haggard and exhausted.

THE U. S. Senate Committee on Foreign Relations have decided, by a vote of five to two, to report against the ratification of the San Domingo treaty. This will be fatal, and indicates an indisposition on the part of Congress to acquire any more foreign territory. In Seward's Alaska purchase, we have an "elephant," to take care of which will cost more than it is worth.

JUDGE STRONG, of Pennsylvania, recently confirmed as an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, in place of Judge Grier resigned, took his place on the bench on Monday last. Mr. Bradley's nomination not yet been acted on by the Senate.

THE FUNDING BILL.

After a protracted debate, the U. S. Senate, on Saturday, by a large majority, passed the Bill to fund the National Debt at a lower rate of interest.—Secretary Boutwell has been very urgent for the passage of the bill, being confident that, with the rapidly appreciating credit of our securities in European markets, he will be able to negotiate the new bonds without serious trouble. The bill makes provision for three classes of Bonds:

1. $400,000,000 of Ten-forty bonds bearing 6 per cents.

2. $400,000,000 of Fifteen-forty bonds, paying 4½ per cent. interest.

3. $400,000,000 Twenty-forty bonds, bearing 4 per cent. interest; or for a larger amount of this issue, under certain conditions, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Each of these classes of bonds are payable principal and interest in coin. The Five per cents and the Four and a half per cents are to be issued at not less than par in coin, or in equal exchange for now outstanding bonds paying higher rates of interest. The proceeds of any sales of bonds are to be held in the Treasury for the payment or purchase of a corresponding amount of other bonds. Each class of bonds may be issued either in coupon or registered form, and in denominations of not less than $50. The Four per cents may be issued at par in coin, or, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, *for United States Notes*, or may be exchanged at par for *any* obligations of the Government.

Sec. 4. Provides that all these bonds and the income therefrom shall be free from federal, state or other authority.

5. Authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to appoint agents at home or in Europe for the negotiation of the bonds, allows ½ per cent. of the amount of the loan for the expenses of said agencies, for advertising and the cost of preparing the bonds.

6. Appropriates $150,000,000 per annum out of the customs revenue, for the payment of the interest on the debt and for carrying out the provisions of the Sinking Fund.

7. Requires that after October 1, 1870, all bonds deposited by the national banks, with the Comptroller of the Currency, as security for their circulation, shall be of the issues authorised in this act, and that each bank shall make not more than one-third of its deposit in the 5 per cents, or 4½ per cents. Any bank failing to comply with these requirements, one year after date of the Act, forfeits its right to circulation. It will be observed that this clause permits the banks to sell their present bonds deposited against circulation; but, at the same time, it necessitates their paying par in coin for the new ones.

8. Limits the amount of currency to be issued by the banks upon the new bonds.

9. Allows the issue of circulating notes to existing or new banks upon the Four cents authorized in section 3, without respect to the existing limitations upon the volume of the currency; but it is also provided that an amount of United States notes shall be destroyed equal to the amount of notes authorized under this section.

IT is said that Secretary Boutwell, in anticipation of the passage by the House of the Senate bill to fund the National Debt at a lower rate of interest, is already having prepared the bonds to be issued in order to have them ready as soon as the bill becomes a law.

THE nomination of Gen. Sickles, as Minister to Spain, was confirmed by the U. S. Senate on Wednesday.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CUMBERLAND.—J. Boeler's stable, Carlisle, was destroyed by fire on the night of the 8th inst; loss $700, with partial insurance.—$20,000 have been subscribed for the State Normal School to be located at Newville; $10,000 more are wanted.

FRANKLIN.—Wm. G. Smith, with his wife and three children, were thrown from a buggy near Leitersburg on Monday of last week, and seriously injured, one of the children remaining insensible for several hours. The horse frightened at a flock of geese, and ran off, making a perfect wreck of the buggy.—A meeting of Border Damage claimants was held in Chambersburg on the 9th inst., at which resolutions were adopted asserting the justness of the claims and denying the charges that the claims had been assigned to third parties.

YORK.—John Ruhl, aged 15½ years, had his hand torn off from his arm on the 10th inst., by becoming caught in the machinery of Myers' Agricultural Works, in York.—A shooting affray took place on the 4th inst., at the Union Hotel, York, between G. M. Miller of Shrewsbury, and N. R. Speense of Sellingsgrove, growing out of an old grudge; four shots were fired from a revolver by Miller, without effect, when Miller was arrested.—Jacob Brillinger, who was charged with defrauding the Revenue and tried, recently, in the District Court of the United States, in Philadelphia, was honorably acquitted. His whisky, which was seized by the officers has since been restored to him.—James H. Blasser, formerly Assistant U. S. Assessor, tried in the same Court on the charge of extorting money, was also acquitted.—On the 10th inst., a son of H. Stauffer, Jackson township, had one of his legs broken below the knee while wrestling with several boys.

SUICIDE.—A strange suicide occurred in Harrisburg on Thursday of last week, creating considerable excitement. About half-past seven o'clock a stranger entered the gun and pistol store of William H. Lawser, on Market street, below Fourth, desiring to see some pistols. He was shown several, and finally chose one of the National pattern, with six chambers, and requested the proprietor to charge one of the barrels, which was done, he agreeing to pay the stipulated sum for the weapon. The stranger then asked to see some holsters, and, while Mr. Lawser was in another part of the store procuring the holsters for inspection, the stranger placed the muzzle of the pistol in his mouth and discharged the load, the ball entering the roof of the mouth, carrying a portion of the bone with it and lodging in the brain. He fell dead in almost an instant. The Coroner's jury elicited the facts that his name was Rohrer; that he was about 60 years of age; that he had been rather melancholy at times; that he claimed to have come originally from Black Horse Tavern, Lancaster county; had lately been at Shermansdale, Perry county; he had considerable money in the old Deposit Bank, Carlisle; was single; drank considerably; claimed to be interested in the proposed railroad from Shermansdale to Broad Top; and had for the last few days been boarding at a tavern in Bridgeport, on the Susquehanna, directly opposite Harrisburg.

THE New York *World* forcibly and manfully urges the Democratic leaders of Pennsylvania to stop cheating on the tariff question and take ground squarely for Free Trade. The advice is good, but it will be followed. They will be first-rate protectionists in manufacturing districts, but when they get to Washington they vote every time to break down and crush out the industrial interests of their State.

NEW BORDER DAMAGE BILL.

Last week, the House Legislative Committee reported favorably a new Bill to pay the damages sustained in the Border Counties by Rebel raids, &c., and we are glad to learn that there is a reasonable probability of its passage. To guard against an increase of the State Debt, which was a fair objection to the first bill, it is now proposed to issue Certificates to the claimants, and to set apart the State taxes collected in the counties interested for the redemption of these certificates. As our people are deeply interested in the subject matter, we give in full the operative provisions of the bill. After setting forth the damages sustained, the reciprocal duties and obligations of the citizen and the State, and the adjudication of the claim by various Commissions, the Bill provides:

1.—That all Revenues whatsoever received by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, from or in the Counties of Adams, Cumberland, Franklin, Bedford, Fulton, Perry and York, after the approval of this act, including the revenues of railroads in, or running through said Counties, in proportion to the length thereof in the said Counties, be, and the same are hereby appropriated to the claims before recited, until the same shall be paid in full of principal, and interest at the rate of Five per centum per annum, from the date of the passage of this act, and the State Treasurer shall, as he receives said revenues, apply them to a special fund for the liquidation of said claims, to be designated as the "Fund for the Liquidation of War Damages," to be applied as hereinafter provided.

2.—It shall be the duty of the State Treasurer to issue to each claimant or to his, her, or their proper representative, Certificates in the following form:

"Commonwealth of Pennsylvania—Certificate of Claim Registered, and Appropriation for War Damages:

This is to certify, that——has on——in the office of the Auditor General, duly approved and registered Claim, for the sum of——Dollars, payable to——, or bearer, out of the "Fund for the Liquidation of War Damages," with five per cent. interest, payable on the——day of——, annually, as provided by the Act approved——, A. D., 1870.

In Witness Whereof, we have hereunto set our hands, and the Seal of the State of Pennsylvania, this——day of——, A. D., 1870.

Which certificates shall be issued in sums of $100—$300—$500 or $1,000, at the option of the persons receiving the same, and shall be signed by the Governor and State Treasurer, and be exempt from all taxes except those imposed under the laws of the United States. Each certificate when issued, shall be numbered by the State Treasurer, and registered in his office, and in the office of the Auditor General, with the name of the claimant to whom the same is issued, the amount of the claim as adjudicated and finally allowed by the Commissioners appointed by this act for that purpose. All claims allowed by the said Commissioners for sums under One Hundred Dollars, and the fractional parts, less than One Hundred Dollars, of all other claims, shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. And it shall be the duty of the State Treasurer to pay the interest on the said certificates, at the rate of five per centum, annually, as provided in the first section of this Act; and when the surplus arising from the "Fund for the Liquidation of War Damages," shall amount to the sum of One Hundred Thousand Dollars, the State Treasurer shall advertise in at least one paper in each of the cities of Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburg, and in the counties before named, for the period of twenty days, for proposals for the purchase and cancellation of One Hundred Thousand Dollars of said Certificates, at the lowest price that amount may be offered. *Provided*, That none shall be so redeemed at a price above the par value of the same; and all expenses for advertising shall be paid out of said fund.

3.—The State of Pennsylvania shall, upon the acceptance by the Claimants of the Certificates hereinbefore provided for, become the owner of said claims and may demand the payment of the same from the General Government, for the use and benefit of the State; and upon payment of all or part thereof by the General Government, such amount may be received, and it is hereby appropriated to the Fund for the Liquidation of the War Damages as created by this act.

4.—That for the purpose of preventing any claim, or part thereof, from being duplicated by reason of the several adjudications hereinbefore mentioned, and to guard against any misapplication of the money hereby appropriated, the said claims shall be first severally examined, adjusted and approved as follows, viz: by Levi Maish and Arthur N. Green for the county of York; by David Wills and William McClean for the county of Adams; by Wilber F. Saddler and John R. Miller for the counties of Cumberland and Perry; by George A. Smith and J. H. Longenecker for the counties of Bedford and Fulton; and by Theodore M'Gowan and J. Wyeth Douglas for the county of Franklin. And the commissioners designated for the said counties respectively shall have the power to diminish, but not to increase, any claim beyond the amount originally adjudicated thereto, and the decision thereon shall be final; but no claim, nor any part thereof, shall be paid under the provisions of this act until the same shall have been examined and approved in the manner herein stated; and in case of any vacancy occurring among the commissioners aforesaid, by death, resignation or refusal, or inability to serve, it shall be the duty of the Governor immediately to appoint a proper person to fill the vacancy, the appointee to be from the county in which the vacancy shall occur, and any person so appointed shall have all the powers and authorities conferred by this Act.

Provided, That as soon as the said Commissioners shall have adjudicated and approved any claim as aforesaid, they shall certify the same under their hands and seals to the State Treasurer, who shall thereupon register the same, and make the payments and issue the certificates provided for by this act. *Provided*, further, that if any claim shall be presented to said Commissioners which has been assigned or transferred, by the original claimant, the Assignee of the same shall be required to prove the actual amount paid for said claim to the assignor, and the amount so paid, if not in excess of the sum originally adjudicated, shall be the amount allowed, and in the event of the assignee failing to produce the proof before the Commissioners, they shall reject the same.

THE Secretary of State had a consultation of over two hours, on Monday, with the House Committee on Foreign affairs, relative to Cuba, and the propriety of reporting Banks' resolution of neutrality. The Secretary brought with him from the State Department all the latest information, official and unofficial, concerning the condition of affairs in Cuba, and the status of the insurrection. The members of the committee questioned him as to the safety of American citizens in the island, the reported cruelties of the Spaniards, the prospects of the success of the insurgent, &c. It is understood that nothing was elicited. The Secretary expressed the opinion that there was no change in the status of the Administration in departing from the policy it has heretofore pursued. The committee adjourned without taking any definite action on the resolution.

THE Senate Foreign Relations Committee has decided to report against the ratification of the San Domingo treaty.

GENERAL NEWS.

You can get oranges [illegible] cents a bushel in South Carolina.

THE Legislature of Mas[illegible] elected a bill abolishing capital [illegible] in the State.

THE Cairo and Fulton Railroad, President of the Northern Division, was opened last week. It was built with Northern capital.

PRESIDENT GRANT will issue his proclamation announcing the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment as soon as Georgia and Texas are admitted.

LIEUT. COMMANDER WM. F. STEWART, who went down with the sunken Oneida, was the son of Hon. Andrew Stewart, of Uniontown, Fayette county, Pennsylvania.

ON next Monday the sun will cross the line and we will have, what is known in the calender, as the Vernal Equinox. The days and nights will then be equal.

AMHERST College claims the honor of being the first of the New England educational Institutions to admit women to study and graduate on the same terms as men.

AN election for Mayor, City Councils and local officers generally in Camden, N. J., held last week, resulted in a complete triumph for the Republicans.

A bill prohibiting the erection of any building on Independence Square, passed the lower branch of the Legislature on Tuesday, and will of course pass the Senate.

IT has been well said of the hosts of immigrants crowding to our shores, that it is easier to naturalize than to nationalize them; and that the latter is by far the most important work to be done.

Official accounts received in Washington represent the Cuban insurrection as an organization as being nearly suppressed, while unofficial statements assert the fact to be the other way.

A WOMAN in Vineland, N. J., is manufacturing three thousand straw hats a week for Philadelphia firms. She employs four hundred women, and has work enough for two hundred more.

THE Legislative Committee appointed to inquire whether corruption was used to elect the State Treasurer have reported their inability to fix the charge of corruption upon any one.

THE exact money value of human life has at last been fixed in Boston. A druggist at the "hub," who killed one of his customers by giving him laudanum instead of rhubarb, has been tried, found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of $150.

WASHINGTON despatches say that the President and Cabinet are about to demand from Spain instant redress for outrages upon American citizens in Cuba, and to insist upon the fulfilment of the pledge made a year ago to abolish slavery in Cuba.

JOHN W. DAVIS, ex-Sheriff, has been elected Police Commissioner of Baltimore, to fill Lefevre Jarrat's unexpired term, to the first of March, 1871; and Thomas W. Morse has been elected to the same office for the new term of four years afterwards.

THE Directors of the Western Maryland Railroad Company, in view of the ratification of the ordinance loaning it fourteen hundred thousand dollars, are preparing to give out contracts to complete the road to Williamsport.

THE Maryland Democrats are discussing what they shall do with the enfranchised negroes of that State. Some of the leaders of the party advise resistance to the Fifteenth Amendment, but in what way does not appear.

AT the recent town meeting in Georgetown Mass., Miss Sarah E. Horner was elected school committee for three years, receiving all the votes cast, save twenty, and defeating Rev. O. S. Butler (Methodist), the Republican nominee.

IN the Supreme Court of the U. States on the 14th, Chief Justice Chase delivered the opinion of the Court in the Grapeshot case, holding that the Provisional Courts established in Louisiana and elsewhere by President Lincoln were legal tribunals.

ON Monday the law reducing the value of American silver in Canada twenty per cent. went into effect. This will cause it to flow immediately to this country, and $3,000,000 of it are expected in New York this week.

THE Pittsburg *Gazette* having inquired of Governor Geary if one of his appointees did not serve in the rebel army, the Governor replies that the individual alluded to did not serve in the rebel army, but that he escaped from the South after sacrificing all his property, and joined the Union army.

IN Delaware the Democracy are in great trouble concerning the new American citizens. They say they "will not ask a negro to vote their ticket, but if a negro asks for one of their tickets they will not rudely refuse to give it to him." Very kind and obliging, are they not?

THE President and Secretary of war had a consultation on the Tennessee troubles, and it was decided to send a regiment of troops, to be stationed in various parts of the State, to assist the United States Marshals in carrying out the United States laws. These troops will be sent at once, and more will be ordered there, if necessary.

REPRESENTATIVE Prosser, of Tennessee, has instructed the heads of the colored schools in Nashville to call for a competitive examination among the colored scholars, and will give his nomination to West Point Academy to the best scholar among them. Mr. McCormick, of Arizona, has declared his intention of appointing an Indian boy.

E. M. STANTON.—In the House on Monday Mr. Dawes, from the Commitee on Appropriations, reported a bill giving to the widow of the late E. M. Stanton one year's salary as associate justice of the United States Supreme Court. Objection was made by Mr. Van Trump, a republicanist from Ohio. Mr. Dawes moved to suspend the rules, which was agreed to. The Democrats demanded the yeas and nays on the passage of the bill, and to show their hatred of the great War Minister, voted solidly against it. The bill passed by a handsome majority. On Wednesday the bill passed the Senate without a division.

☞ Look here reader, we do not wish to tell you that consumption can be cured when the lungs are half consumed, nor that Dr. Wonderful, or any other fellow, has discovered a remedy that will make men live forever, and leave death to play for want of work. No, you have heard enough of that, and we do not wonder that you have by this time become disgusted with it. But when we tell you that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will positively cure the worst cases of Catarrh, we only assert that which thousands can testify to. Try it and you will be convinced.

Sent by mail for sixty cents. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by most druggists everywhere.

THERE are two things that always pay even in this not over-remunerative existence. They are working and waiting. Either is useless without the other. Both united are invincible, and inevitably triumphant. He who waits without working is simply a man yielding to sloth and despair. He who works without waiting is fitful in his strivings, and misses results by impatience. He who works steadily and waits patiently may have a long journey before him, but at its close he will find its reward.

☞ For Coughs and Throat Disorders, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches," having proved their efficacy by a test of many years.

"I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first, excepting to think yet better of that which I began thinking well of."

REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

FROM EUROPE.

PARIS, March 13.—Count de Montalembert, chief of the liberal Catholic party, is dead. The journals, including the Ultramontane organs, express regret at the loss.

[illegible] Marshal Prim and Admiral Topete, between Prim and Rivero, Minister of War, and Montpensier took place several miles from Madrid, the latter receiving shots for the first shot, and Prince Henri de Bourbon won. The adversaries exchanged their first fire at ten paces without result. They then advanced on each other, and at seven paces the Prince fired and missed. The Duke returned the fire, shooting his adversary through the head. The latter fell to the ground, and in a few moments expired.—Duke de Montpensier showed the utmost calmness during the combat, but was much affected when informed of its result. As the Prince was poor, the Duke offers to provide for his widow and children. The quarrel was caused by a harsh letter against the Duke which the Prince addressed to the Montpensierists.

The distance was ten paces, the combatants firing alternately from revolvers. The first and second shots of the Prince missed, and at the third the bullet grazed the cheek of the Duke, causing a slight wound.—Montpensier's first shot missed, the second slightly wounded the Prince, and the third proved fatal, the ball entering the forehead of the Prince and killing him instantly.—Montpensier and his seconds are in Madrid, and have not been arrested. When the Duke had fired twice, the seconds endeavored to effect a reconciliation, but the Prince was furious and refused.

The Duke de Montpensier is the youngest son of the former King, Louis Phillippe, of France, and has since the deposition of Queen Isabella been a prominent candidate for the vacant Spanish throne on account of his connection with the royal family, he having married the Infanta Louisa, sister of Isabella. Prince Henri was the brother of Queen Isabella's husband, and has always been a bitter opponent of Montpensier's pretensions.

PARIS, March 14.—A Rome despatch of this date states that 610 votes are now sure for the Papal infallibility dogma in the Ecumenical Council.

PARIS, March 14.—Despatches from Rome confirm the report of a demand made by France for representation in the Council.—The publication of the twenty-one Canons of the Church renders inevitable a change in the attitude of France, as in the abstract they violate the principles of modern government and society, and are hostile to the wishes expressed by Emperor Napoleon in his speech to the Chambers.

PARIS, March 15.—Forty members have signed a demand to the President of the Œcumenical Council that the order of deliberations be changed, and the schema relating to infallibility be immediately discussed.

Events in Rome are daily becoming graver. It is reported that the Marquis de Bauneville, the French Ambassador, left today for Paris, and that the Ambassador of Austria at Rome has received directions from his Government to sustain the demand of Count Daru for the admission of a French representative to the Council.

☞ Time's first footprints are wrinkles and gray hair, and although nothing has yet been discovered to eradicate the former, the latter may be easily obliterated by the use of Ring's Vegetable Ambrosia. We know that it will restore gray hair to its original color and remove from the scalp all itching or irritation, whether caused by dandruff or humors, at the same time imparting to the hair that glossy and beautiful look so much desired.

A SCHOOL teacher near Greenfield, Indiana, named Dunn struck one of his scholars, named Gadot, on the head with an iron poker, from the effects of which the boy died. Dunn has been arrested.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—To make room for Spring goods, Capt. NORRIS will sell everything in his line at LESS THAN COST.

OVER-COATS worth $15 or $12
" " " 12 " 9
" " " 10 " 7
" " " 8 " 5
DRESS COATS worth $15 for $10
" " " 12 " 8
" " " 10 " 7
SACK COATS worth $12 for $9
" " " 10 " 7
" " " 8 " 5
" " " 6 " 4 50
HATS worth $4 00 for $3 00
" " 3 50 " 2 75
" " 3 00 " 2 25
" " 2 50 " 2 00
" " 2 00 " 1 50

and all kinds of Clothing, Pants, Vests, Under-wear, &c., at the same reduction.—NORRIS is determined to reduce his stock before Spring-trade opens. So, if you want BARGAINS don't fail to call at Arnold's old corner, Centre Square, next door to 1st National Bank. Jan. 21.—tf

BIERBOWER'S SEGARS have become noted for their high flavor, and every body who knows anything about good Tobacco has got in the habit of going direct to his establishment in the northeast corner of the diamond—*fully* assured that they can get just what they want, the very *best Segars*, made of prime tobacco, highly-flavored, and what is better still sold at prices *that can't be beat in or out of the city*. Strangers can't mistake the place. "*Punch*" always stands at the door, good humoredly inviting the passer-by to enter and enjoy the good things to be found there—Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco of the best brand, Meerschaums, Pipes, &c.

THE LADIES' SOROSIS CLUB of N. York, recently changed their discussion, from woman's suffrage to Hair preparations and Pimple Banishers. They declared that where nature had not endowed them with beauty, it was their right—yes, their duty—to seek it where they could. So they all voted that Magnolia Balm overcame Sallowness, Rough Skin and Ringmarks, and gave to the complexion a most *distingue* (Soorolan) and marble-like appearance (dangerous to men, no doubt;) and that Lyon's Kathairon made the Hair grow thick, soft and awful pretty, and moreover prevented it from turning gray. If the proprietors of these articles did not send the sisters an invoice, they are not smart. march 4-1m

NEW ALBUM.—Messrs. Tipton & Myers have purchased the right of Adams county for the sale of Barnaby & Willard's Patent Revolving Albums—the neatest, cheapest and most durable Albums made. Store keepers and others supplied.
March 4—tf

FOR RENT.—Intending to remove, on the 1st of April, to North-west corner of Centre square, I offer for Rent the Store Room I at present occupy, on York street, opposite Chrismer's Bakery.
tf AMOS ECKERT.

☞ Wm. T. Hopkins, No. 1116 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, whose *Hoop Skirts* have been so generally introduced, and so favorably received among the *fair sex*, makes his appearance again in the advertising way in this issue. Read his adv. It

WINTER COMING.—Winter is coming, and CORBAN & CUNNINGHAM have made arrangements to meet the wants of the public by their large assortment of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, for Fall and Winter wear, for Men and Boys—also, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c., which they are selling very low. tf

☞ Eminent New York and Philadelphia Physicians claim that 'Dubois' Miasmatico Powder actually cures Cancer. It is advertised in this issue. 1mp

☞ Hamlin's celebrated *Wizard Oil*, for rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, sciatica, &c., for sale by A. D. Buehler, Druggist, Gettysburg.

Special Notices.

EPISTLE TO THE "TRADE."

You can buy all your Groceries, Queensware, Glassware, Cedarware, Tobaccos, Cigars, Salt, Fish, Coal Oil and everything else in their line,

FROM WM. BLAIR & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS, CARLISLE,

and make money by selling the same at their retail prices. Try it. [Mar. 11

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

The basis of its remedial properties is a vegetable compound.

IT WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR.

It will keep the Hair from falling out.

It cleanses the Scalp, and makes the Hair SOFT, LUSTROUS AND SILKEN.

It is a splendid hair dressing.

R. P. HALL & Co., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
Mar. 4—1m

"Children's Lives Saved for 50 Cents."

THOUSANDS OF CHILDREN DIE ANNUALLY of Croup. Now, Mothers, if you would spend 50 cents, and always have a bottle of Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment in the house, you never need fear losing your little one when attacked with this complaint. It is now 22 years since I have put up my Liniment, and never heard of a child dying of Croup when my Liniment was used; but hundreds of cures have been reported to me, and many state if it was $10 per bottle they would not be without it. Besides which, it is a certain cure for Cuts, Burns, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Mumps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Spasms, Old Sores and Pains in the Limbs, Back, and Chest. No one once tried who is ever without it. It is warranted perfectly safe to take internally. Full directions with every bottle. Sold by the Druggists and Storekeepers in the United States. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.
Mar. 4, 1870—1m

BRANDRETH'S PILLS.

Their great value consists in this: They may be used so long at any disease affects any of the organs of the body; and by thus persevering in their use the disease will be cured, and the body restored to health, free from every taint and impurity. Their reputation proves their merit.

Thomas Smith, Coroner and Justice of the Peace, Hastings-on-the-Hudson, says Brandreth's Pills cured him of Dyspepsia and Heartburn, when every other medicine had failed to relieve him. Certificate dated April 2, 1868.

Dr. Turner, of Savannah, Ga., says he has, for nearly forty years, recommended Brandreth's Pills as a specific in Yellow Fever; that he never knew a patient to die who took them for this malady, being otherwise sound. Their prompt action on the bodily functions matters which lead the fatality of the disease. As a general family medicine he considers them far in advance of all others, and here he speaks from personal experience of their qualities.

A RADICAL REVOLUTION

Has been accomplished in hair dyes. The horrible compounds containing LEAD, SALT and SULPHUR are discarded. The leading chemists implore the public not to use them, and Professor Chilton, whose reputation is second to that of no analytical chemist in America, has recommended

CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR HAIR DYE,

as a PERFECTLY INNOCUOUS ARTICLE, which may be used without fear. Remember, it is the only one that has been analyzed and found wholesome—Its effects are instantaneous, and the colors it imparts natural.

☞ CRISTADORO'S HAIR PRESERVATIVE, as a Dressing, acts like a charm on the Hair after Dyeing. Try it. [Mar. 4, 1870—1m

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS,

For Store Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Window Blinds, Ornamental Wire Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Hay and Grain Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.; Wire Paper-makers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by address, etc., the manufacturers, M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia. Feb. 11, 1870—1y

$2,000 A YEAR AND EXPENSES

To agents to sell the celebrated WILSON SEWING MACHINE. The only low priced Shuttle Machine *sold on both sides*. ONE MACHINE WITHOUT MONEY. For further particulars address, ADDRESS 23 N. 9th St., Philad'a, Pa. Feb. 11—3m

TO THE LADIES!

There can be nothing that will please the ladies better than a good article, which is needed in every family for every day's use. Such an article is KEYES' GENUINE AMERICAN TALLOW SOAP, recommended for the following purposes: *For General Household Use. For the Toilet. For the Laundry. For Chapped Hands, &c.* Sold by all Grocers and Storekeepers everywhere.

NATHAN FRICK, Sole Agent, No. 219 North Front street, Philadelphia.
Feb. 11, 1870—6m

THE CONFESSIONS OF AN INVALID.

PUBLISHED for the benefit of young men and others who suffer from Nervous Debility, etc., supplying the means of self-cure. Written by one who cured himself; and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope. Address

NATHANIEL MAYAIR, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Dec. 24, 1869.—6m

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence JOHN B. OGDEN,

No. 4 Cedar street, New York.
May 14, 1869.—1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. The object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

Williamsburg, Kings county, New York.
May 14, 1869.—1y

☞ DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear, (his specialty) in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience*, (formerly of Leyden, Holland). No. 324 South Sixth street, Philada. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to examine their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. [March 18, 1870—1y

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP,

Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, are the three Medicines which you will require to cure Consumption, Liver Complaint, and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. The Pulmonic Syrup is to loosen the phlegm, and ripen the matter, and bring it up and cause it to be freely coughed and spit up. The Seaweed Tonic is to mix with the food you eat, and make good blood. The Mandrake Pills are to act on the liver, and put it to work; then the appetite will be good, the food digested, and make good blood, and the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens in the lungs, and the patient out grows the consumption.

To those three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivalled success in the treatment of pulmonary consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the matter and causes it to be coughed up; then the Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, and throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm is loosened, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, and throw off the matter, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, and the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relieve the torpor of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved, then the stools will show what the pills can do nothing has ever been invented except calomel as deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless a great emergency, that will knock the gall-bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck' Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juices, and the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood with which to make sound flesh and solid muscle.

The great reason why physicians do not cure consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to check the fever, to stop the sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they damage the digestive organs, locking up the secretions and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Take no check, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills, or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord—that is the only reason why Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lung in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abscesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood, then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

If the disease is in the lung disease, and

...mber, Time, &c.
...and Parlor

...TOVES,

...ALL KINDS.

...nd most approved styles

...EET-IRON AND
...LOW WARE.

...and Lumber

...OF ALL KINDS.

...re Rooms,

...OF CARLISLE RAILROAD
...STREET.

...S, TIN-WARE, &C.
...G. COOK.
...a large assortment of

...N-WARE.
...et largely and case the best materials,
...work, and sell as cheap as possible.
...s none to undersell him.

...oofing & Spouting
...notice. Job work done quickly and

...KING STOVES
...ferm, warranted to bake and give
...very respect; among which is the
...NEVER FAIL COOK, a stove that
...ed in baking or in cheapness, as fam-
...lies can testify. Particular attention
...this store, as it is decidedly one of the
...market. Also, the NOBLE COOK,
...TAL, and many other patterns select-
...the best in this market.

Brass, Iron and
Tin-ware

...ety, Coffee-mills, Smoothing Irons,
...d Shovels, Tea and Table Spoons,
...n, and many other articles in the
...e fact almost every article needed

...ers and others will find it to their
...f him, as he is determined to main-
...ned reputation for cheapness and fair
[Feb. 11, 1870.—3m

...TTYSBURG
...E KILNS.

...nd has bought out his former pa
...and now continues

...E-BURNING BUSINESS

...Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corne
...and North Stratton street. Thank
...ppage, he will endeavor to deserve it
...prosecuting the business as vigorous
...e as scale as possible—always sellin
...d giving good measure. Farmers an
...for the prompt filling of orders.
...use the

...L BUSINESS
...l popular kinds. Housekeepers an
...vehim a call. Blacksmith Coal on

...delivered anywhere in Gettysburg
...ov. 20, 1867. JACOB ESHLEY

...g Implements, &c.

...E WORLD,
...OHIO AND BUCKEYE
...rs and Mowers.

...mination of these machines will com-
...e of their superior merits over all
...gth, durability, ease of draft, and ex-
...ork, on all kinds of ground, and in ev-
...grass and grain. Confident of this we
...want of a good machine to examine
...before purchasing elsewhere.
...ese can be sold as Naked Mowers—
...ined Rake, Self-Rake, or Dropper.—
...plete: No. 1 Machine, with two extra
...Knives, cutting 5½ and a half feet in
...feet eight inches in grass: No. 2, cut-
...2 inches.
...confidence in these machines that we
...to those wanting a machine test them
...they may wish, and keep the one that
...ction. EUDERKIN & CULLISON SELF-
...in each general satisfaction that we
...best Self-Rake out, and is attached to
...ese among the Dodge Machine, the
...protect.
...ale of these wanting machines we
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...ence, viz:
...Geo., Henry Culp,
...Lady, Henry King,
...Hilsby Penrose.
...ler, David Stevens,
...ker, W. Ross White,
...J. J. Hill,
...Andrew Wolfert,
...Wm. Bigham,
...John Hafer,
...John F. Hoffman,
...John N. Boyer,
...Lost.

...TOOTH HAY RAKES, including the
...ash Rake, and 4 Self-Delivering Rak-
...RS, FANNING MILLS, AND PARE
...GHERALLY.
...ing to examine machines will find them
...se of JOSEPH WILS & SONS, Gettys-
...t the residence of the subscriber, 2
...tysburg, on the Harrisburg road. Far-
...Dresalers will address the subscriber.

WM. WIBLE, Agent.

...LL AHEAD!
HOFFHEINS'
...PER & MOWER,
Greatest Machines of the Age.
...o any other Machine now in use, as
...ny that will ever be introduced, her
...highly tried and given general satisfac-
...new harvest all the time he has leased you
...to call and examine for themselves.
...ested particularly to cut all other
...trength, durability, ease of draft, and
...work, in all kinds of grass and grain.—
...grain naturally, which is a great benefit
...e farmer. It can be used as a hand
...a self-rake. It cuts 4 feet 2 inches in
...10 inches in grass; 5 feet 7 inches in
...ught iron guards; it can be used as a
...as well as a Combined Machine.
...of the Machine can be had.
...EARY DISCHARGING HORSE
...e great and self-clearing RAKE HARV-
...over introduced. We would also call
...es to the IRON DOUBLE ARCH PL-
...ught iron frame, very light and strong,
...easily adjusted to run shallow or deep,
...and handily managed.
...KERLER AND HOCKLEIGH FAM-
...the old Susquehanna Plow improved, for
...great favorite among the farmers at
...
...It is large and strong, has two cocks
...arranged to work perfectly.
...ds of FARMING IMPLEMENTS always

...wishing to examine these machines can
...Hostler-Hotel, or at my residence,
...Gettysburg, between the Shanesytown
...Baltimore pike.

LEWIS A. BUSHMAN.

...Letter Heads, Bill Heads

...ulopes, and all kinds of Job Printin
...ness and cheap at this office.

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, March 18, 1870.

—Our thanks are due to Senator Dunnan for sundry documents.

APPOINTED.—John M. Musselman has been appointed Postmaster at Fairfield, vice John W. Sullivan, resigned.

WITHDRAWN.—We observe that John M. Stevenson, jr., Esq., has withdrawn from the firm of Stevenson & Sons, Baltimore.

DECLINED.—Vice President Colfax has declined an invitation to deliver an address before the Societies of Pennsylvania College in June next.

SALES.—Henry Hershy has purchased the King Wilson farm, with a tract of mountain land, in Franklin township, at $5,600.

FIRE.—We understand that the Storehouse and contents of C. W. Hoffman, now of Virginia, (formerly of this place), were recently destroyed by fire, and that the Insurance Company in Baltimore has thus far declined to pay the insurance on account of suspicious circumstances, connected with the fire.

SNOW-STORM.—On Tuesday night last a snow storm set in, with more than unusual violence, snow falling steadily and rapidly during the night, with more or less drifting. On Wednesday morning the snow lay about 12 inches deep, being the heaviest fall we have had this winter. The railroads were blocked up and for a day or two the mails were badly disarranged.

DON'T FORGET—Prof. Baugher's Lecture in Agricultural Hall, to-night, (Friday, March 18.) He proposes to take his hearers "*Abroad on the Hills*," and give his impression of Wales, Scotland, Switzerland, Italy, &c., as gathered from personal observation during his European tour. That it will be an interesting and profitable Lecture, we can safely promise. There should be a full house. Tickets 25 cents.

SALE POSTPONED.—The sale of Personal Property of Mrs. Maria Swan, of this place, which had been advertised for Wednesday last, was postponed, in consequence of the snow storm, until Wednesday next, March 26, at 9 A. M. A large number of valuable articles will be sold, including a large amount of Bed Clothing, Sheets, Blankets, Coverlets, Feather Beds, &c., and house keepers, ladies especially, would do well to attend the sale.

ELECTION.—At the recent annual meeting of the Gettysburg Gas Company, the old officers were unanimously re-elected, viz:

President, Edw. G. Fahnestock.
Managers, Alex. D. Buehler, H. D. Wattles, Matthew Eichelberger, W. A. Duncan, J. E. Danner, S. R. Russell.

The Annual Report submitted by the Board shows the Company to be in good financial condition. During the year two dividends of 4 per cent. each were made on the capital stock.

LARCENY.—An overcoat and a fine dress coat were stolen from the residence of Rev. John A. Dixon, pastor of the M. E. Church, Hanover, on Wednesday of last week, during the temporary absence of the family. Suspicion attached to a stranger, who was followed to Abbottstown, where it was found he had sold the two coats to Mr. F. J. Wilson, hotel-keeper. Mr. W., on learning that the coats had been stolen, promptly gave them up. The rascal was over-hauled near Abbottstown, and admitted the larceny, but was allowed to run after a summary chastisement.

REMOVALS.—As many subscribers will change their residence this spring, we request that they promptly advise us of their new Postoffice address, that we may make the necessary changes on our mailing list. As we have a mailing list of between 2,000 and 3,000 subscribers, it will save us much trouble and ensure prompt attention, if subscribers, in such cases, send both their old and new Postoffice addresses, in this wise:—

"Change the address of my paper from Sumit P. O., Ohio, to Marion, Pa.,"—or as the case may be.

ACCIDENT.—On Sunday the 6th inst., as two boys and three girls, members of Mr. Jacob Althoff's family, in Cumberland township, were starting home from the Catholic church, in a spring wagon, the horse took fright and ran off. In turning the wagon from the alley into Washington street, the wagon upset, throwing its occupants with great violence to the ground. The boys escaped unhurt, but all the young ladies were taken up insensible, severely shocked and bruised. They were carried into a neighboring house, and Drs. Huber and C. Horner sent for. Under medical treatment, they soon revived, and were conveyed, two to the residence of their brother, in this place, and the other to her father's, in the country. We are glad to learn that all are rapidly recovering.—*Compiler.*

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.—During the past year a number of depositions were taken in the proceedings pending before the Supreme Court, at the suit of Maltby and others, for a foreclosure of the Mortgage and Decree of Sale of this Road. Last Saturday was appointed for the hearing of the case, but the argument was postponed, the Court ordering the appointment of a Master in Chancery to state an Account showing the entire indebtedness of the road and the *status* of the Creditors, and report a Decree. Samuel G. Thompson, Esq., son of Judge Thompson, was appointed Master with the consent of counsel on both sides. We presume his report will bring up the question of the *status* of Maltby, Northrup & Case, who hold a large amount of Bonds originally hypothecated to Johns Hopkins, Samson and others—whether these Bonds are thus held absolute or as collaterals. The case will not be reached for some months.

TAX COLLECTORS.—The *Compiler* furnishes the following list of Collectors of State and County Taxes for the several boroughs and townships of this county for 1870:

James McCreary, Gettysburg; Peter Mackley, Cumberland; John L. Smith, Oxford; Jesse Smyers, Huntington; Jonathan B. Myers, Latimore; Daniel Settel, Franklin; Abraham King, Straban; Jacob Bair, Menallen; Robert Watson, Hamiltonban; Peter G. Smith, Mountjoy; George Sebright, Reading; William Brown, Butler; Anthony Felix, Hamilton; Jacob Harnish, Union; Jacob Baker, Mountjoy; Edmund Harner, Germany; Emanual Spangler, Tyrone; David C. Krise, Liberty; Samuel A. Werts, Berwick tp.; Wm. C. Scott, Freedom; Wm. H. Small, Conowago; Christian Byers, Jr., Highland; Augustus Crouse, Littlestown; Henry Mayer, Berwick bor.; B. W. Ziegler, York Springs.

ADVERTISING Gs.—We commend the following, which we find going the rounds of our exchanges, to the attention of business men:

"Without advertising it should be a poor man to day."—*H. T. Helmbold.*

"My success is owing to my liberality in advertising."—*Bonner.*

"Advertising has moubled me with a competency."—*Thos Lawrence.*

"I advertised my production and made money—*Nicholas Longworth.*

"Constant and persistent advertising in a sure prelude to wealth."—*Stephen Girard.*

"He who invests one dollar in business should invest one dollar in advertising."—*A. T. Stewart.*

P. T. Barnum, the noted exhibitor, ascribes his success in accumulating a million of dollars in ten years to the unlimited use of printer's ink.

"A man will be liberal in trade, will advertise liberally, and good human success will be the legitimate result."—*Horace Greeley.*

DIVIDENDS AND PROFITS OF NATIONAL BANKS.—From a report recently made by the Comptroller of the Currency, stating the profits of National Banks in 1869, we gather these facts respecting the two Institutions in this place:

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Dividend for six months ending April 30, 1868, - - - -	$4,500 00
Net earnings in excess of dividend ending April 30, 1868, -	475 00
Dividend for six months ending November 30, 1868, - -	$4,500 00
Net earnings in excess of dividend ending Nov. 30, 1868, -	541 55
	$5,041 55
Total earnings for the year, - -	$ 10,016 55
Capital, - - - - - -	$100,000 00

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

Dividend for six months ending May 4, 1869, - - - -	$6,709 00
Net earnings in excess of dividend ending May 4, 1869, - -	1,620 12
	$ 10,329 12
Dividend for six months ending November 2, 1869, - -	$8,709 00
Net earnings in excess of dividend ending Nov. 2, 1869, -	82,010 58
	$ 10,719 58
Total earnings for the year, - -	$ 21,048 70
Capital, - - - - - -	$145,150 00

The Hanover First National (Capital $100,000) made during the year, $14,779 56.

The Carlisle First National (Capital $50,000) made $15,195 21.

The Shippensburg First National (Capital $75,000) made in first six months $3,300—the last six months' profits not reported.

The Chambersburg National (Capital $260,000) made a dividend of $15,600, the first six months—its total profits for that period not reported, and no report of either dividend or total profits the last six months. So, the Westminster banks reported only for the first six months as follows: The First (Capital $100,000) profits $6,910 59; the Farmers' & Mechanics' (Capital $75,000) profits $4,039 76; the Union (Capital $91,517 50) profits $5,181 63.

The Mechanicsburg (Pa.,) banks stand thus: The First, (Capital $100,000), dividends for year $12,000; the Second, (Capital $50,00) dividend first six months $1,500; second six months not reported.

The Frederick (Md.,) banks report thus: First, (Capital $100,000), profits first six months $9,500, second six months not reported; the Central (Capital $200,000), profits of the year, $29,269 83; the County National (Capital $150,000), profits of first six months $11,185 84, second six months not reported; the Farmers' & Mechanics', (Capital $125,000), dividends for the year $22,500.

Waynesboro' First National, (Capital $75,000), in first six months, dividend $3,750, net earnings in excess, $269 30, second six months not reported.

Greencastle First National, (Capital $100,000), in first six months, dividend $5,000, net earnings in excess $884 80, second six months not reported.

Newville First National, (Capital $100,000), dividends in first six months $6,000, net earnings in excess $65 77; in second six months $6,000, net earnings in excess $34 65.

The Comptroller further reports the *average* dividends paid by the Banks in 1869, at 10 1-5th per cent on the capital. The total *average* profits (including dividends paid and net earnings in excess of dividends,) were slightly over 18 per cent.

"*The National Sunday School Teacher,*" Rev. Edward Eggleston, Editor—Adams, Blackmyer & Lyon, Chicago, Publishers.

The January, February and March Nos. of this excellent Sunday School monthly are before us, and we cordially comment it to the favorable notice of Teachers and Sunday School workers generally as a live paper, conducted with great ability, and calculated to meet the wants of a live Sunday School. The January No. contains a full length portrait of Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, D. D. The editor, Mr. Eggleston, is well known as the author of an excellent Sunday School Manual. In addition to a large amount of original and selected matter bearing on the Sunday School work, the "*Teacher*" devotes special attention to a full analysis and careful exposition of the National Series of Sunday School Lessons on the Life of Christ, used in many Sunday Schools and by more than 800,000 Scholars. In addition to the exposition, the editor furnishes wood-cut illustrations, parallel scripture references, extracts from commentaries, &c., all of invaluable assistance to the teacher in the preparations of the lessons. This feature alone is worth the price of the Magazine. The "*Teacher*" has a circulation of over 30,000, independent of the accompanying Lesson Papers for children, the circulation of the latter being 600,000. $1.50 per annum; Lesson Paper 75 cents per 100 copies. When the "*Teacher*" is ordered in clubs of 10 or more, to one address, six lesson papers for each subscriber are sent gratis.

The same publishers issue two other excellent Sunday School papers—"*The Sunday School Scholar,*" 16 pages monthly, 50cts a year, 10 copies for $4, or 25 copies for $7.50—and "*The Little Folks,*" an illustrated weekly for Infant Scholars, 30cts a year, or 25 copies for $5. We cordially commend both of them to Sunday School workers.

"*The Sunday School Workman,*" is the title of a new candidate for favor among Sunday School workers. It is a neatly printed 16 page quarto, published weekly, at $1.50 per year, 20 copies for $25, to Ministers $1. The name of the Editor—Rev. Alfred Taylor—is a guaranty that the "*Workman*" will prove an invaluable auxiliary in the Sunday School cause. Mr. Taylor has acquired a wide-spread reputation as a live, practical worker, whose services in the conduct and management of Sunday School Conventions and Institutes have placed his name along side of Vinton, Pardee, Wells, &c. Among the specialties of the "*Workman*" are Helps in the study of the National Series of Lessons and the Berean Series, and a Bible Class Exercise entitled "A year with King David," the latter being specially prepared for the paper weekly by Rev. Charles E. Knox, author of the Knox Series of S. S. Lessons. There is besides a large amount of valuable matter, original and select, from which Superintendents, Teachers and Scholars cannot fail to derive much benefit. Address "*Sunday School Workman,*" 71 Broadway, New York.

We have been requested to correct an error in regard to grain in New Oxford, received by Hersh & Brother, in week before last's paper. It was said that they received from eight to ten and twelve hundred bushels of grain per week. It should have been *per day*. The fault was not ours, but that of our informant, who says that Hersh & Brother report that anything had been stated about their business. We learn through the same source that the grain business has been on the increase for the past few weeks, and that as high as four car loads per day have been shipped.

A correspondent of the Hanover *Citizen* says that recently a Cow, belonging to Mr. Charles Sterner, of Mountpleasant township, had a Calf, with but three legs and no tail. The head had neither eyes nor nostrils, and was nearly round, with the under jaw turned up so that the mouth appeared on the top of the head. It was unusually large, and both cow and calf died in calving.

BRUTAL.—A series of "chicken fights" are announced to come off to-day and to-morrow at Funkstown, Md., between Washington county and the District of Columbia, "$30 a fight and $300 on the main." While our neighbors have their hand in, wouldn't it be well to have Kit Burns transfer his rat and dog pit to Funkstown, and enjoy the entertainment?

COMPLIMENTARY.—We are not in the habit of publishing the kind things said of our paper by subscribers, from time to time; but we frequently receive kindly words of encouragement which go far to reconcile us to the daily drudgery of editorial duties, and tend to relieve the occasional croakings of those who think the getting up of a readable paper to suit the tastes of thousands of readers of varying mental character, an easy thing. We have just now in hand several letters, which we may be pardoned in giving, as a sample of what the mail brings us not unfrequently.

The first is from a gentleman, resident in Lebanon county, who, in view of the hard times, had concluded to economize by stopping the paper. A few weeks experience satisfied him:

——Pa. March 12, 1870.

DEAR SIRS:—I find I cannot get along without the old "STAR AND SENTINEL." It is like getting a long letter from home every week. Enclosed find $2. Put my name on the list again. I must economize in some other direction. Yours, &c., ——

The other is from a gentleman of education and culture, now a resident of New York State, who, in remitting his subscription, writes:

——N.Y., March 11, 1870.

DEAR SIRS:—Enclosed find Postoffice Order for $6, for which please give me credit on my account. I have been tardy in my payments, but I hope you will excuse me. I have read both the "STAR" and the "SENTINEL" from my boyhood. They always found a welcome place in the old homestead, and now in their union, the weekly visits of the paper are looked for with impatience by all the members of my family. Though my home has been for a number of years in the "Empire State," and almost within sight of her capital, and I have read her dailies and a large number of her weeklies, yet I can say without hesitancy that I have none so worthy of a place in my house—wholesome for instruction, and always scathing in its reproof of wrong. Send it on, and give us as much local news as possible.

Yours, &c., ——

DONATION VISIT.—We learn that on Thursday the 3d inst., Rev. PETER BERGSTRESSER, Pastor of the Taneytown Lutheran charge, was made the recipient of a "donation" visit from a number of members of the Taneytown church, bearing with them innumerable tokens of good will and appreciation of his pastoral labors, in the shape of flour, meat, corn, hay, wood, lard, chickens, &c. One by one the donors arrived, thronging the parsonage, and depositing their gifts, which amounted in the aggregate to about $313. Among the gifts was an envelope, containing $115 in greenbacks, which was formally presented, on behalf of the donors, by Mr. Benjamin Shunk in some appropriate remarks expressive of the faithful and acceptable services of their pastor; to which Rev. Mr. Bergstresser replied, acknowledging his obligations to the congregation for their liberal gifts and the uniform kindness he had experienced at their hands. The visit had been delicately arranged, so as to take the pastor and family by surprise. After spending several hours pleasantly at the parsonage, the donors retired—the occasion being one long to be remembered.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

INTEMPERANCE.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—An earnest effort has been and is now being made to procure a change in the license laws at the hands of our Legislature. I can truly say, as I have often done before, that no system can be worse than that which now exists. Wendell Phillips, in a recent lecture at the Academy of Music, in Philadelphia, urged earnestly upon his audience that, even setting aside all the social and moral evils resulting from drink, we cannot afford, *politically*, to tolerate intemperance; that in a government like ours, whose strength lies with the people, it is a political necessity that the people should be trustworthy—which an intemperate people cannot be; that man, to be capable of self-government, must be sober. He pointed out the two classes into which society divides itself: the conservative and the progressive, both equally honest in their opinions, but utterly divided; and between these, holding often the balance of power, those who have no opinion, but an *object only*, and behind them the mass of blind, ignorant and vicious, who are bound together and forged into a weapon to be used at pleasure. And whence comes this mass? From the rumshops!

I have seen extracts from Dr. Elam's book, showing unmistakably that *national*, and not merely individual, degeneration is the result of inebriety. Not, of course, immediately, but, as time passes, the taint in the blood of those immediately affected spreads wider and wider. So in Sweden the average stature of the nation has diminished, the average duration of life has shortened, general tendency to sickness increased, even wholly new forms of disease have shown themselves; the innocent suffer with the guilty. All this has been the result of a relaxation of the laws tending to check the sale of intoxicating beverages.—Our cities and towns of note, for the last few years, have shown a most alarming increase of liquor shops. Temptation is offered to the weak in every block and at every corner, and all this is done under the cover, real or pretended, of the laws. Is it not time that something was done? I commend the subject earnestly to the attention of the Legislature, and all good temperance people. No better work can be affected than to put some check to the spread of this tremendous evil.

REFORM.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

UNION PRAYER MEETING.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—A prayer meeting has lately been established in New Oxford, in which German Reformed, Lutherans, Methodists, and Presbyterians have broken down "the middle wall of partition" that separates them, and, in the same house, bow down the knee together, and lift up their voices as one voice, and their hearts as one heart, to one God and Father, through the merits and intercessions of one Lord and Saviour, and by the influence and assistance of one Holy Spirit, for blessings upon their souls. Aye, and I believe that their object and aim are one. They have "agreed together" to wrestle, like Jacob of old, until God shall graciously revive his work, not in any one, but in all the congregations in town, until He shall "rend the heavens and come down," and make such a display of His power and grace as has never been witnessed in this part of the country. The people seem to unite heart and hand with us. Our meetings are held alternately in the several Protestant Churches in town, on Sunday evenings, and have thus far been unusually well attended and exceedingly interesting. The Churches are generally pretty well filled. The exercises are singing, prayer and the reading a portion of God's word, with several short practical, pungent exhortations, not extending beyond an hour and a half. We do believe and hope, and expect, and pray, that glorious results may follow these united meetings.

O Lord Jesus, thou great Head of thy Church; and Shepherd and Bishop of souls, we didst pray—"That they all may be one, as thou, Father, art in me, and I in Thee; that they may be one in us; that the world may believe that Thou hast sent me," most mercifully grant that we may be one in heart, love, faith, prayer, and effort, for the salvation of immortal souls!

UNION.

NEW OXFORD, March 7, 1870.

ATTENTION FARMERS.—Try the celebrated Patent Elastic Rubber lined Collars, Saddles and Pads. Warranted to prevent horses from galling and to heal up under work horses already galled, if properly fitted; and sore necks and backs are kept clean with cold water and Curtis Soap, or no pay. For sale by J. W. Crone, sole proprietor for Adams, Gettysburg, Pa. Agent. 10-1f

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.

Baltimore, Thursday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,	4 75	@	5 00
EXTRA FLOUR,	5 12	@	5 25
WHITE WHEAT,	1 38	@	1 40
RED WHEAT,	1 20	@	1 45
CORN,	88	@	93
RYE,	93	@	93
OATS,	51	@	53
TIMOTHY-SEED,	4 50	@	4 75
CLOVER-SEED,	8 12½	@	8 25
FLAX-SEED,	2 20	@	2 25
BACON, SHOULDERS,	11½	@	12
" SIDES,	14½	@	16
" HAMS,	00	@	00
LARD,	15	@	16

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market

Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,			4 00
EXTRA FLOUR,			4 50
WHITE WHEAT,	1 25	@	1 50
RED WHEAT,	1 00	@	1 05
CORN,			72
RYE,			80
OATS,			40
BUCKWHEAT,			75
TIMOTHY SEED,			3 00
CLOVER SEED,			7 50
POTATOES,	35	@	40
BUTTER,			30
LARD,			16
EGGS,			16
BACON, HAMS,			18
" SIDES,			13
" SHOULDERS,			10
SOAP,	6	@	8
TALLOW,			8

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Closing Prices of De Haven & Bro., 40 South 3rd St., Philadelphia.

3 o'clock, P. M., March 15th, 1870.

U. S. 6's of '81	114¾	115
" " '62,	110¼	110½
" " '64,	108½	109
" " '65,	109½	109½
" " '65, new,	108	108½
" " '67,	109	109½
" " '68,	109½	109½
" " 5's, 10 40's,	105½	106
U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy	112½	112½
Due Comp. Int. Notes,	19	
Gold,	111½	112
Silver,	111	112
Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds	855	865
Central Pacific R. R.	935	945
Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds	740	750

MARRIED.

ROUTZAHN—HEWITT.—At the Lutheran Parsonage, in Arendtsville, on the 10th inst., by Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. Isaac E. Routzahn, to Miss Elvina Hewitt, both of this county.

FERDINAND—NOLL.—On the 10th inst., by Rev. P. Schearer, Mr. John Ferdinand to Mrs. Sarah Noll, both of Adams county.

RUPP—WOLF.—On the 9th inst., by Rev. M. Buehman, Mr. Charles Rupp to Miss Sarah Wolf, all of this place.

SPARVER—SMUCKER.—On the 6th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. H. C. Cheston, Mr. Conrad W. Sparver to Miss Mary E. Smucker, both of Littlestown.

DIED.

DIEHL.—On the 12th inst., in Hanover, Daniel Diehl, (formerly from Adams county), aged 53 years, 11 months and 15 days.

MACKLEY.—In Ingham county, Michigan, on the 11th of February, Mr. Henry Mackley, formerly of this county, aged 49 years, 8 months and 21 days.

SHEADS.—On the 10th inst., John Ernest Sheads, son of John H. and Hannah M. Sheads, of this place, aged 1 year and 5 months.

Weep not for little Johnnie:
His gentle spirit's fled,
And sweetly sleeps with Jesus
Among the silent dead.

Shed not a tear of sorrow
About his silent tomb;
Think what a lovely flower
You have in heaven to bloom.

SHEADS.—On the 7th of February, in this place, Mrs. Rosannah Sheads, widow of John Sheads, deceased, aged 66 years.

WAGNER.—On the 11th inst., Alice Elizabeth, youngest daughter of D. F. and Harriet Wagner, of Montandon, Northumberland county, Pa., formerly of Butler county, Pa., aged county, aged 1 year, 5 months and 10 days.

WEIGLE.—At New Oxford, on the 9th inst., Meyers J. Weigle, aged 25 years, 11 months and 1 day.

He was a worthy young man, respected and beloved, and having made Christ his choice, he was prepared to exchange time for eternity. His end was peace and full of hope.

New Advertisements.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having been appointed Assignee by deed of Voluntary Assignment for the benefit of creditors, executed by WASHINGTON BIGHAM'S and WIFE, of the borough of Gettysburg, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted or having claims to call on said Assignee with the undersigned, residing in said borough.

GEORGE GROUP, Assignee.

March 18, 1870—6t

(ESTABLISHED 1830.)

WELCH & GRIFFITHS,
SAWS! AXES! SAWS!
SAWS of all descriptions. AXES, SELLING and MILL PICKS. SAWS filed and set. SAWS with Solid Teeth, or with PATENT ADJUSTABLE POINTS, *superior to all inserted Tooth Saws.*
PRICES REDUCED.
Send for Price List and Circulars.
WELCH & GRIFFITHS,
Boston, Mass., or Detroit, Mich.

THE DOLLAR SUN.
CHAS. A. DANA, Editor.

The cheapest, smartest, and best New York newspaper. Everybody likes it. Three editions: DAILY, $6; SEMI-WEEKLY, $2; and WEEKLY, $1 a year. ALL THE NEWS at the lowest. Full reports of markets, agriculture, Farmers' and Fruit Growers' Clubs, and a complete story in every Weekly and Semi-Weekly number. A premium of valuable plants and vines to every subscriber, inducements to canvassers unsurpassed. $1,000 in Gold for Grand Famous Moving Machines, Parlor Organs, Sewing Machines, &c., among the premiums. Specimens and lists free. Send a Dollar and try it.

L. W. ENGLAND, Publisher Sun, New York.

AGENTS—CANVASSING BOOKS SENT FREE.

Secrets of Internal Revenue,

By a Prominent Officer of the Treasury Service,

showing up the rascality now going on in the Revenue Department, the Whiskey Ring, Gold Ring, and Drawback Frauds, Systematic Robbery, Defalcations, Conspiracies and Raids on the Government, Malfeasance, Tyranny and Corruption of high Officials. The most startling and important book ever published. Containing about 500 well filled pages, splendidly illustrated. AGENTS WANTED. *Canvassing Book and complete outfit sent free.* Address WM. FLINT, *Publisher*, Philadelphia, Pa.; Chicago, Ill., or Cincinnati, O.

908 PRIZES WORTH FROM $1 to $1,000 are given to subscribers and agents for WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE, the best One Dollar Monthly in the world. Similar prizes to be awarded in April. Full particulars in March Number. For sale by all Newsdealers. Or, with Catalogue of Premiums, on receipt of 10 cents. Address S. S. WOOD, Newburgh, N. Y.

List of 2,500 Newspapers
for one stamp. G. P. ROWELL & CO., N. Y.

Aromatic Vegetable Soap.

COLGATE & CO'S

TOILET SOAPS

ESTABLISHED 1806, NEW YORK.

For the Delicate Skin of Ladies and Children.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

AGENTS! READ THIS!
WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY OF $30 per week and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. Wagner & Co., Marshall, Mich.

$25 A DAY—Agents wanted! All classes of people, male or female, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

"Economy is Wealth."—Franklin.

WHY will people pay $50 or more for a Sewing Machine when they can buy one that has a stand-compromise, double thread, complete with Tucker, constructed upon entirely new and practical principles, runs by friction, and sells all others? The celebrated Machines, *Fully licensed*, are intended for those people who want to save time, labor and money. *Agents Wanted.* Machines sent to Agents and given away to those who will pay. Send circulars and reduced prices, address J. C. CUTTS & CO., or Franklin and Dix sts. S. M. Co., Box 397, Boston, Mass.

THE HOMANGY, FASCINATION OR SOUL-CHARMING.—400 pages; cloth. This wonderful book has full instructions to enable the reader to fascinate either sex at will, and all kinds of amusement, spiritualism, and hundreds of other curious matter to be found in it. Sent to any one on receipt of price, 25 cents, or two for 40 cents. No. 9 Beekman street, New York. Address T. WILLIAM & CO., P. O. Box 4,586.

BOWER'S
COMPLETE MANURE,
MADE FROM
Super Phosphate of Lime,
Ammonia and Potash.

FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DEALERS.

A PERFECT FERTILIZER FOR ALL CROPS.

On account of the reduced cost of Raw Materials, I am enabled to sell "COMPLETE MANURE," at a lower price, and by the aid of new machinery it is improved in condition, also in quality. (*Warranted free from adulteration.*)

HENRY BOWER, *Manufacturing Chemist,*
Gray's Ferry Road, Philadelphia.

This Manure contains all the elements of plant food in a SOLUBLE FORM, thereby rendering an well food for giving lasting fertility to the soil.

Experience in the use of Complete Manures, by the best farmers of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and of the New England States, proves, through a period of three years' trial, has resulted in confirming it to be *the best Fertilizer now offered for sale.*

DIXON, SHARPLESS & CO.,
40 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

WILLIAM REYNOLDS,
105 South Street, Baltimore, Md.
March 18, 1870—3m

THE GREAT MEDICAL

DISCOVERY!

DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS.

MORE THAN 500,000 PERSONS Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing also the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Congestion, or Inflammation of the Liver, and all the Visceral Organs.

FOR FEMALE COMPLAINTS, whether in young or old, married or single, at the Change of Prominence or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters have no equal.

Send for a circular.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE FANCY DRINK,

Made of POOR RUM, WHISKEY, PROOF SPIRITS, AND REFUSE LIQUORS, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true medicine, made from the native Roots and Herbs of California, FREE FROM ALL ALCOHOLIC STIMULANTS. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER, and a PERFECT GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell.

$100 will be given for any incurable case, provided the bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For INFLAMMATORY and CHRONIC RHEUMATISM, and GOUT, DYSPEPSIA, or INDIGESTION; BILIOUS, REMITTENT, and INTERMITTENT FEVERS, DISEASES OF THE BLOOD, LIVER, KIDNEYS, and BLADDER, these BITTERS have been most successful. SUCH DISEASES are caused by VITIATED BLOOD, which is generally produced by derangement of the DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

In Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, these Bitters have no equal. For full directions read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.

J. WALKER, Proprietor, 32 Commerce st., N. Y.
H. H. MCDONALD & CO.,
Druggists, and General Agents, San Francisco, Sacramento, California, and 32 and 34 Commerce st., N. Y.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

Mar. 4, 1870—3m

I was cured of Deafness and Catarrh by a simple remedy which will be sent free. Address
MRS. M. C. LEGGETT, Lebanon, N. J.
Mar. 4—3m

HINKLEY
KNITTING MACHINE

FOR FAMILY USE—Simple, Cheap, reliable. Knits a pair of Stockings complete. AGENTS WANTED. Circular and sample stocking FREE. Address HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO., Bath, Me., or 174 Broadway, N. Y.
Feb. 18, 1870—3m

THE MAGIC COMB will change any colored hair or beard to a permanent Black or Brown. Contains no poison. Applied in a moment. One sent by mail for $1. Address
MAGIC COMB CO., Springfield, Mass.
Dec. 24, 1869—3m

THE ADVERTISING MEDIUM
FOR
THE STAR AND SENTINEL.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

The second account of JOHN HAMER, Committee of the person and estate of ABRAHAM MYERS, a Lunatic, of Adams county, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams Co., and will be confirmed by said Court, on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1870, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB MELHORN, Prothy.

March 18, 1870—4t

NOTICE.

The second account of JACOB MUSSELMAN and GEORGE W. WORTZ, Assignees of DANIEL MUSSELMAN and Wife, of Adams county, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and will be confirmed by said court, on the 15th day of April, 1870, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

JACOB MELHORN, Prothy.

March 18, 1870—4t

NOTICE.

The 2nd account of JOHN ORNDORF

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, March 12, 1870.

FEEDING SPRING PIGS.

The Rev. John W. Haskell, of Lisbon, Conn., bought on May 1st, 1869, a pig, eight weeks and three days old.—It was not large of its age, but was thrifty, and of the most approved breed in the country. He kept it until it was two hundred and twenty-five days old (seven and one-half months), and then killed it, when it weighed 337 pounds, gaining an average of one and a-half pounds a day from its birth. He might have sold it at 15c. a pound, and it would have brought him $50.55. On September 1 he bought another pig six weeks old. He kept it until it was one hundred and twenty-five days old (four months), and it weighed, dressed and dry, 140 pounds, having gained an average of one pound two and a half ounces a day. He fed both on one-half wheat shorts and one-half Indian meal at first, gradually decreasing the meal, until the last month, when the shorts were left out entirely. In addition to the meal, the spring pig had the milk of a cow and a heifer, was regularly fed, and was permitted the range of a pen about twelve feet long by six feet wide. It is exceedingly rare that a hog shows such an average increase as the one first named. Taking our Eastern spring pigs they are generally killed from nine to ten months old, and the general average is not more than two hundred and fifty pounds—a growth of less than a pound a day. Our farmers could save a considerable sum by a more careful and generous feeding of their hogs. The general plan is to "keep them along" during the summer with slops, sour milk, etc., waiting until fall before feeding much grain; whereas, meal fed from the day the pig is four weeks old till the day it is killed, all that it will bear and keep healthy, is money well invested. There can be no question about the matter if corn can be bought for $1.20 a bushel, and pork brings 12c. a pound.

CONCERNING the watering of newly-planted trees, a writer in the *Prairie Farmer* says: In most cases people commit an error by watering their newly-planted trees close to the trunk. Every tree forms a little hill around its trunk to shed the water off, beside the trunk is protected from surplus rain by the leaves of the crown. This is the reason why, in its natural state, we always find the soil round the trunk, and particularly under it, very dry.—Watering close to the trunk, produces the rotting of the small rootlets which extend from the crown of the root and go downwards. This disease gradually extends and often produces death of the tree. If trees have to be watered, it must be done half-way between the trunk and the the outer side of the crown. The same principle has to guide mauring.

ABOUT PRUNING.—It has long been a practice among farmers to commence pruning apple trees in February, mainly, we suppose, because there is leisure time. There are some reasons why this should be done. There will not be sufficient action in the tree to harden the surface, where a limb is taken off, before the sap ascends in the spring. When this action does take place, the sap flows out and spreads over the surrounding bark, and by some chemical action which takes place in it, is changed to a poisonous fluid which greatly injures the tree. It is very unsafe to prune before the middle of June. Soon after the leaves fall in autumn, and in mid-summer, are the safe times to do this work.

ONE pound of meat put into a pot of boiling water, and then cooked "done," will furnish more nutriment than three pounds which have soaked in the pot until the water has attained the boiling point.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Robert J. Fisher.
Associate Judges—Joseph J. Kuhn, Robert McCurdy
Prothonotary—Jacob Melhorn.
Register and Recorder—Samuel Swope.
Clerk of the Courts—H. G. Wolf.
District Attorney—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—H. D. Wattles.
Sheriff—Jacob Klunk.
Coroner—Dr. M. L. Gelse.
Surveyor—Jesse D. Keller.
Commissioners—Jacob Lott- Moses Hartman. Emanuel Seidich. *Clerk*—J. Jefferson Myers. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician to Jail*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
Directors of the Poor—Martin Gets, Benjamin Deardorff, L. Swarts. *Steward*—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. A. Picking. *Treasurer*—Jacob Benner. *Counsel*—J. C. Neely. *Physician*—J. W. C. O'Neal.
Auditors—Martin E. Bollinger, Hi G. Hoegy, David Rhodes.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

Burgess—C. H. Buehler.
Council—W. S. Hamilton, Alexander Spangler, Jacob W. Gress, Robert Tate, A. M. Hunter, Wm. F. Baker.
Clerk—J. B. Dapborn. *Treasurer*—S. H. Russel.
Constables—George W. Weikert, James Rouser.
School Directors—Wm. Quinn, W. T. King, Hiram Warren, Wm. E. Ryster, Jacob Aughinbaugh, A. M. Hunter. *Secretary*—A. M. Hunter. *Treasurer*—H. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

President—George Swope.
Cashier—J. Henry Bair.
Teller—Henry S. Benner.
Directors—George Swope, William Young, Henry Wirt, David Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Himes, Joshua Motter, John Waugh.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

President—George Throne.
Cashier—George Arnold.
Teller—Samuel Saahman.
Directors—George Throne, Robt. Ball, John Brough, John Horner, George Arnold, John Musselman, John Welford.

SILVER GREEN CEMETERY.

President—J. L. Schick.
Secretary—William R. Meals.
Treasurer—Alexander Cobean.
Managers—John Rupp, J. L. Hill, Josiah Benner George Spangler, George Little, William R. Meals Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—David A. Buehler.
Treasurer—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Henry A. Picking, Jacob King.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President—Samuel Herbst.
Vice Presidents—Sparain Myers, J. S. Witherow.
Corresponding Secretary—Henry J. Stahle.
Recording Secretary—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Treasurer—David Wills.
Managers—William B. Wilson, William Wible, Jonas Rentzhan, Frederick Diehl, W. Ross White.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

President—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Vice President—William A. Duncan
Secretary—John F. McCreary.
Treasurer—John Culp.
Managers—J. W. G. O'Neal, John Rupp, A. J. Cover, D. Kendlehart, Wm. F. Atkinson.

GAS COMPANY.

President—E. G. Fahnestock
Secretary—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—Joel B. Danner.
Managers—D. Smyser, M. Richelberger, H. D. Wattles, S. R. Russell, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner

WATER COMPANY.

President—George W. McClellan.
Secretary and Treasurer—Samuel R. Russell.
Managers—G. W. McClellan, S. R. Buehler, S. R. Russell, H. D. Wattles, M. Richelberger.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

Superintendent—Robert McCurdy.
Secretary and Treasurer—David Wills.

Trains depart	First.	Second.
" arrive	12.35 P. M.	6.45 P. M.

The first train makes close connection for Hanover, Harrisburg and Western points, the second train with Baltimore.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
Union Encampment, No. 136, I. O. O. F.—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.
Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 259, A. Y. M.—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.
Mem...Reynolds Lodge, No. 180, I. O. O. F.—On Baltimore street, every Monday evening.
Adams Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
Post No. 9, G. A. R.—North East corner of Diamond every Saturday evening.

CHURCHES.

Lutheran (Christ's)—Pastor, Rev. C. A. Hay, D. D.—Services every Sabbath morning at 10 o'clock and Sunday school at 1 o'clock, P. M. Services every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Services suspended during vacations, Sunday services only.
Lutheran (St. James')—Rev. H. Breidenbaugh. Services every Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Methodist Episcopal—Revs. H. C. Cheston, J. B. Graham. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Presbyterian—Rev. Wm. H. Hills. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
German Reformed—Rev. J. S. H. Dietrich. Services Sabbath morning and evening, & Wednesday evening.
Catholic—Rev. Joseph Boll. Services 1st, 3d and 5th Sabbaths, morning and afternoon.
United Presbyterian—Rev. J. Jamison.—Services by special appointments.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

JUST THE PLACE.

TO GET

CHEAP

Boots and Shoes!

I WILL SELL

MY ENTIRE STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT

COST!

CALL AND BE CONVINCED

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS!

DON'T MISTAKE THE PLACE,

ON BALTIMORE STREET,

Nearly opposite the COMPILER Office, Gettysburg.

D. H. KLINGEL.

Jan. 21, 1870.—tf

WHERE? WHERE?

WHERE?

DID YOU BUY THAT

NICE NEW SUIT!

WHY, AT

S. WOLF'S

CLOTHING STORE,

in the Diamond, Cor. of the Square,

TOWN OF GETTYSBURG, COUNTY OF ADAMS, AND STATE OF PENN'A.

THAT'S THE PLACE,

the very place, for

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! BARGAINS!!!

in everything—Over Coats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Undershirts, White Shirts, Collars, Neck Ties, Gloves, Comforts, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, Perfumery, Cloth & Brushes, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Valises, Umbrellas, and ten thousand other articles, all "too numerous to insert."

Call, examine, be convinced, buy, and be glad. Highest market prices paid for all kinds of FURS.

Dec. 3, 1869.—tf

JOSEPH JACOBS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG.

THE undersigned, of the late firm of Geo. Jacobs & Bro., would most respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a Merchant Tailoring establishment in Chambersburg street, next door to the old place, and three doors east of the Keystone House, where he will be happy to wait on all who may patronize him. His stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SUITINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c., &c., &c.,

will be found choice and cheap—very desirable to select from. All kinds of Goods for sale—whether he manufactures or not.

GOODS MADE UP with dispatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. The very best work will be made—good fits and substantial work—and nothing will be deemed too much trouble to render satisfaction in every case.

The latest New York Fashions regularly received. Cutting done, as usual.

A share of public patronage is solicited, and no effort spared to deserve it.

April 16.—tf JOSEPH JACOBS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

THE undersigned has erected a new building, or A Boot and Shoe Establishment, on Carlisle st., near the Railroad Station, in Gettysburg, wherein he now offers for sale,

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., &c.,

of men, women and children, of different styles and prices. He has a fine assortment to select from, and will sell every article at the smallest profits.

WORK MADE TO ORDER, of the best materials and workmanship. Every effort made to render satisfaction. The patronage of the publicis solicited. Call in, and select from a full stock of leather, or measure. In either case you cannot fail to be pleased.

July 17, 1868.—1y JOHN M. SMELLING.

HAS ARRIVED AT

N O R R I S '

HEAD-QUARTERS,

On the S. E. Corner of Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

the Largest and Best Stocks of

Fall & Winter Clothing,

THE LATEST STYLES OF

H A T S AND C A P S,

THE BEST MANUFACTURED

B O O T S AND S H O E S,

also a Large Variety of

Woolen Under-Clothing

with a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

And everything found in a Gentleman' Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

Oct. 1, 1869.—tf

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

Hats and Caps,

Boots and Shoes.

N E W F I R M !

COBEAN & CUNNINGHAM

HAVE just received from the City a new and large stock of

CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

NOTIONS, &c.

The goods have all been selected with great care and with a desire to meet the wants of the community. The public will find the goods to be of the best quality and the

LATEST STYLES.

One and all are invited to call at our Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Fahnestock's Bros.

Oct. 26.—tf B. C. COBEAN. JAS. CUNNINGHAM.

FALL AND WINTER

CLOTHING,

AT F. CUNNINGHAM'S,

OPPOSITE STAR AND SENTINEL OFFICE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

You will always find the best qualities and latest styles of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

OF ALL STYLES AND SIZES. ALSO,

S H I R T S ,

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas,

and a great and large variety of

NOTIONS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

TOBACCO and CIGARS,

all of which will be sold at short profits and warranted to please. Give him a call at his store on "Sober-man Corner" (Sticking's old Stand) near the Diamond.

Sept. 24, 1869.—tf

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER

G O O D S

AT ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

TOBIAS R. COVER

HAVING opened a new store, in Arendtsville, has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE, &c.

Having purchased my entire stock for cash, I am prepared to sell very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

May 28.—6m T. R. COVER.

1870. 1870.

H. B. WOODS,

Corner York street and Diamond,

GETTYSBURG,

Continues to sell

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,
HATS,
CAPS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
CARPETS, &c.

at the lowest prices in town.

Jan. 7, 1870.—1y

NEW

Fall and Winter Goods.

AT PETERSBURG, Y. S., PA.

G R I E S T & B O W E R S

HAVE received their NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS, an excellent assortment, selected with care and will be sold cheap for cash.

Give us a call and examine our Goods.

GRIEST & BOWERS.

Oct. 29, 1869.—tf

Agents for the Grove & Baker Sewing Machine

J. L. SCHICK

has the Largest and Best Selecte took o

that has been brought to Gettysburg this fall, whic

will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

Oct. 5, 1869.—tf

$10,000 REWARD!

STORE ENTERED!

Rebert & Elliott's Store,

IN GETTYSBURG,

WAS entered last Week and a large quantity o Dry Goods, Notions, Queensware and Carpeting taken.

The partiesare well known, but have thus far escaped arrest, under lack of evidence in exchange for the Goods.

The persons who took the Goods are very well satisfied that they received more or better Goods for their money than they could have got at any other store.

Come one! Come all!

and examine our large assortment of

SILKS,
GINGHAMS,
LAWNS,
BAREGES,
ALPACCAS, &c.,

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS,
JEANS,
VESTINGS, &c.

Also, Carpets, Notions, Glassware, Queensware, and indeed, a general assortment of everything belonging to a first-class Store.

REMEMBER, the place is opposite the Court-house, Baltimore street, and that our motto is, Fair Dealing and Small Profits.

April 23, 1869.—tf

FALL AND WINTER

G O O D S .

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have just received a full supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS which their friends and the public are invited to examine.

FOR LADIES,

Our Stock consists of French Merinos, Delaines, Poplins, Cloth, Empress Cloths, Cravenettes, Cretonne Cloth, Plaids and Colored Alpacas, Trimming Velvets, Ribbons, Fancy Silks, Publicot and every variety of Dress Trimmings, Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Ribbons, Neck Ties, &c., &c., &c.

CLOAKING,

Plain and Fancy, Repellant Cloths, &c.

SHAWLS,

Double and Single Blanket; Broche and Thibet.

F U R S ,

a large assortment and very cheap.

D O M E S T I C S ,

at lowest rates.

FOR CHILDREN

We have a beautiful variety of Plain and Fancy Goods. Cassimeres, Cloths, Hosiery and Notions.

FOR MEN'S WEAR,

a choice assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Coatnette Jeans, &c., also, Ehirt Bosoms, Collars and Drawers, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Collars, &c., &c.

STERLING SPOOL COTTON,

equal if not better than any made.

CARPETS,

Ingrain, Venitian, Home-made and Oil

MATTING,

Cocoa and Straw.

HORSE AND LAP BLANKETS,

a full variety.

Also, our usual fine assortment of

HARDWARE,
SADDLERY,
QUEENSWARE,
GLASSWARE,
GROCERIES,
PAINTS,
OIL,
WINDOW GLA ,

Give us a call and we can supply you with what you want at lowest rates.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Oct. 29, 1869.—tf

WESTERN

PRE-EMPTION LANDS.

I HAVE ON HAND A FEW

T R A C T S

OF No. 1,

second hand, pre-emption Lands located near Reynolds County, Iowa, &c.; in well settled neighborhoods, about 7 miles S. or southwest of Fairfield, and Bend Station on the Burlington, Ft.

GEO. ARNOLD.

Feb. 5, 1869.—tf

THE STAR & SENTINEL has a larger circulation than all the papers in the County combined—hence it is the best advertising medium.

Financial.

UNITED STATES

B O N D S

BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED ON MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

GOLD BOUGHT & SOLD

AT MARKET RATES.

COUPONS CASHED.

PACIFIC R. R. BONDS

Bought and Sold.

S T O C K S

Bought and Sold on Commission only.

Accounts received and Interest allowed on daily balances subject to check.

De Haven & Bro.

NO. 40 SOUTH 3d STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

March 4, 1870—1y

SAFE AND PROFITABLE

INVESTMENT

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

6 Per Cent. Gold Bonds

AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST IN CURRENCY.

PRINCIPLE AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

THIRTY YEARS TO RUN.

All Taxes paid by the Company.

Persons possessing U.S. Bonds can make,

by exchanging, from

$150 to $175 on $1,000,

and get in exchange

GOLD BONDS

bearing the same rate of Interest.

For further information inquire at

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Feb. 19, 1870.—tf

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK!

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

COUPONS CASHED OR COLLECTED.

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS, of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore markets. Consequently all orders are promptly executed.

Persons possessing COUPON BONDS, and desiring for safety to convert into Registered, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transfer at a trifling expense.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS of all denominations for sale.

INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS allowed

1 per cent., viz:

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are requested to give us a call and we will cheerfully give all in formation.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

G E T T Y S B U R G

WILL ALLOW

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:

6 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR,
5 " " " 6 MONTHS,
4 " " " 3 "

WILL CASH COUPONS DUE

WILL also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of all kinds, at the lowest market rates.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bought and sold at the highest market rates.

Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869.—tf

Groceries.

NEW GROCERY.

AMOS ECKERT,

York st., opposite Chrismer's Bakery, Gettysburg, Penn'a.,

INVITES the attention of the Public to an entirely new and choice

STOCK OF GROCERIES,

consisting in part of

SUGARS,
COFFEES,
MOLASSES,
TEAS,
SPICES,
DRIED FRUIT,
COAL OIL,
BUCKETS,
BASKETS,
BROOMS,
BRUSHES,
TOBACCOS,
SEGARS, &c.

Also, a general assortment of Notions.

Hoping to give satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call, I solicit a share of the public patronage.

Sept. 17, 1869.—tf AMOS ECKERT.

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

A large lot of Groceries that I am selling Cheap for Cash.

CHOICE LIQUORS,

Old Rye Whisky eight years Old.

Very Old French Brandy.

ALL OTHER KINDS OF LIQUORS,

A general assortment of BITTERS, among which is

Baker's Herb Bitters.

Pure Liquors for Medical purposes at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

Table Cutlery, Glassware, Queensware, &c., at WM. J. MARTIN'S.

April 30, 1869

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.—t.

BARGAINS

at the new

G R O C E R Y

IN GETTYSBURG.

JACOB W. CRESS

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

G R O C E R I E S ,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, I am prepared to sell very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf J. W. CRESS.

G R O C E R Y .

WM. B. MEALS HAS OPENED A

Grocery, Vegetable and Notion Store

at his residence adjoining Meals & Brother's Marble yard, in

EAST YORK STREET

where he is prepared to sell as cheap as the cheapest anything in his line. Give me a call.

March 19, 1869.—tf

Photograph Galleries.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

TIPTON & MYERS'

EXCELSIOR GALLERIES

YORK STREET, GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

PICTURES OF ALL STYLES.

Views of the Battle-field.

Send Stamp for Catalogue.

FRAMES, ALBUMS, &c., &c.

Sole Agents for Sarnaby & Millard's Patent Revolving Albums.

Dec. 3, 1869.—tf

H O L I D A Y S !

N E W F I R M !

THE subscribers having entered into partnership in the PHOTOGRAPHIC BUSINESS, at the old stand of Brenner & Co., Baltimore street, Gettysburg, (nearly opposite Rosenstock' Store), where they will always be prepared to take in the best style,

PHOTOGRAPH AMBROTYPES, BON TONS, CARTES, IMPERIELS, AND ALL OTHER STYLES,

Albums, Photograph Frames, &c.,

in great variety constantly on hand and for sale cheap

Give us a call, everything done to please Customers and give satisfaction.

J. H. SEYDEL,
JACOB PENSIL.

Nov. 19, 1869.—tf

Confectioners, &c.

BOWER'S

COMPLETE MANURE,

MANUFACTURED BY

HENRY BOWER, *Chemist,*

PHILADELPHIA.

MADE FROM

Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Peiu

WARRANTED FREE FROM ADULTERATION.

This Manure contains all the elements to produce large crops of all kinds, and is highly recommended by all who used it, also by chemists and farmers everywhere, by analysis, tested its qualities.

Packed in Bags of 200 lbs. each.

BOWER, SHARPLESS & CO.,

Agents,

20 South Waterand 20 South Delaware Avenue,

PHILADELPHIA.

FOR SALE BY

WILLIAM REYNOLDS,

70 SOUTH STREET,

BALTIMORE, MD.

And by dealers generally throughout the country. For information, address Henry Bower, Philadelphia.

[Feb. 19.—1y

Lines of Travel.

G E T T Y S B U R G R A I L R O A D .

TIME TABLE.

FIRST TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 8 40, A. M and connects at Hanover Junction with train going North, passengers reaching Baltimore at 3 30 P M., Harrisburgat 12 30, P. M., Philadelphia at 4 10 P. M. Returning, arrive at Gettysburg at 12 20 P M., with passengers from Baltimore, Harrisburg, &c.

SECOND TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 2 45 P. M and connects at Hanover Junction with Mail Train South at 4 42 P. M., reaching Baltimore at 7 00 P. M. Returning arrives at Gettysburg at 6 30 P. M., with passengers from Baltimore, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c.

A Passenger Car is also attached to the Freight train, which leaves Hanover Junction at 7.10 A. M reaching Gettysburg at 10.30. Passengers leaving Harrisburg in the 5.15 A. M. train car thus reach Gettysburg by 10.30 A. M. The freight train, with Passenger Car attached, will leave Gettysburg at 2 P. M., reaching the Junction at 5.35.

Nov. 26, 1869. R McCURDY Sup't

R E A D I N G R A I L R O A D .

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

MONDAY, DEC. 27th, 1869.

Great trunk line from the North and Northwest for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Sphrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 5.35, 8.10 A. M., 12.20 noon, and 2.05 P. M., connecting with similar Trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 12.15 noon, 5.40, 6.50 and 10.00 P. M., respectively. Sleeping Cars accompany the 8.10 A. M., and 12.20 noon Trains without change.

Returning: leave New York at 9.00 A. M., 12.00 noon and 5.00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M. and 3.30 P. M. Sleeping Cars accompany the 9.00 A. M. and 5.00 P. M. trains from New York without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8.10 A. M., 2.05 and 6.10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way Stations; 4.10 P. M. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Rail Road, leave Harrisburg at 2.40 P. M.

Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M., connecting with similar train on East Pennsylvania Railroad, returning from Reading at 6.30 P. M., stopping at all Stations.

Leave Pottsville at 5.40 and 9.00 A. M., and 2.45 P. M., Harrisburg at 9.20 A. M., Shamokin at 5.40 and 10.40 A. M., Ashland at 7.05 A. M., and 12.30 noon, Tamaqua at 8.35 A. M., and 2.20 P. M., for Philadelphia and New York.

Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 A. M. for Harrisburg, and 11.30 A. M. for Pine Grove and Tremont.

Reading Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5.40 A. M., passes Reading at 7.30 A. M., arriving at Philadelphia at 10.20 A. M. Returning, leaves Philadelphia at 4.45 P. M., passing Reading at 7.40 P. M., arriving at Pottsville at 9.30 P. M.

Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6.45 A. M., returning leaves Philadelphia at 4.30 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.35 A. M., and 4.15 P. M. for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

Perkiomen Railroad Trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 9.00 A. M., 3.00 and 6.30 P. M., returning leave Schwenksville at 8.06 A. M., 12.45 noon, and 4.15 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Rail Road.

Colebrookdale Railroad Trains leave Pottstown at 9.00 A. M., and 6.30 P. M., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 7.00 and 11.35 A. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

Chester Valley Railroad Trains leave Bridgeport at 8.30 A. M., 2.06 and 6.02 P. M., returning, leave Downingtown at 6.35 A. M., 12.45 noon and 5.11 P. M., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.

On Sundays: leave New York at 6.00 and 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia at 8.00 A. M. and 3.15 P. M., (the 8.00 A. M. Train running only to Reading), leave Pottsville at 8.00 A. M., Harrisburg at 5.30 A. M. and 4.10 P. M., and Reading at 7.15 A. M. and 10.05 P. M. for Harrisburg, and 2.30 P. M. for New York, and 9.40 A. M. and 4.25 P. M. for Philadelphia.

Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points at reduced Rates.

Baggage checked through; 100 pounds flowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

Reading, Pa., Dec. 31, 1869.

N O R T H E R N C E N T R A L R A I L W A Y .

WINTER SCHEDULE.

On and after Nov. 15, 1869, Trains will leave Hanover Junction as follows:

LEAVE NORTHWARD

10.35 a. m.—Daily for Williamsport, daily (except Sundays) for Elmira, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Erie and the West.

12.27 a. m.—Daily for Elmira, Buffalo, &c.

3.15 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for Williamsport and Erie.

6.05 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for York.

10.53 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) for Harrisburg and the West.

LEAVE SOUTHWARD.

7.07 a. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

7.55 a. m.—Daily (except Sunday) stopping at all Stations.

12.21 p. m.—Daily stopping at Parkton only.

1.32 p. m.—Daily (except Sunday) stopping at Parkton only.

4.45 p. m.—Daily (except Sundays) stopping at the Stations.

EDW. S. YOUNG, Gen. Pass. Agent, Baltimore, Md.

ALFRED R. FISKE, Gen. Superintendent. Nov. 26, 1869.—tf Harrisburg, Penn'a.

P E N N S Y L V A N I A C E N T R A L R A I L R O A D .

Doubletrack route running between Philadelphia and Pittsburg. Trains leaving Gettysburg make the following connections with this Trunk Line:

Leave Junction	arrive	10.35 a. m. &	12.40 p. m.
" "	leave	10.55 "	2.05 "
Harrisburg	arrive	12.55 p. m.	11.15 "
"	leave	3.50 "	2.25 a. m.
Philadelphia	arrive	9.40 "	6.50 "
Harrisburg	leave	1.15 "	12.10 a. m.
Pittsburg	arrive	1.35 a. m.	9.10 "

At Philadelphia close connections are made with the trains for New York, Boston and all Eastern Cities. At Pittsburg connections are made for the New Union Depot, and with the lines for all Western points.

For further information apply to EDWARD H. WILLIAMS, Gen. Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

HENRY W. GWINER, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent, Philadelphia. [May 14, 1868.—t

Livery Stables.

WEAVER & SON.

Livery, Sales & Exchange

STABLES,

Washington st., Gettysburg, Penna.

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that they have better accommodations than ever to supply the public with all styles and kinds of Conveyances that can be found in a first class livery. Their Horses, Hacks, and Sleighs cannot be beat by any establishment in the town. In prices they defy competition.

Horses and Mules

bought and sold, on reasonable terms.

GIVE US A CALL.

Take Notice.

THE undersigned is desirous of closing up his old accounts, and would ask all those indebted to call and settle the same. The books will be found at the above stables and all persons indebted are earnestly requested to call and square their accounts.

Dec. 3, 1869.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

EAGLE LIVERY,

Sale & Exchange Stables,

Opposite the Eagle Hotel, Chambersburg street,

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned have opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in the above place, and are prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. We have provided ourselves with

Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c.,

of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. Our horses are good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "2.40" order.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and good comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what the want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses for sale, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment.

PERRY J. TATE,
WILLIAM D. HOLTZWORTH.

Dec. 31, 1869

MINCE PIES!

AT WM. J. MARTIN'S, is the place to get the material for a good Mince Pie.

RAISINS,

CURRANTS,

PRUNES,

CITRONS,

CRANBERRIES

AND APPLES,

At MARTIN'S, Baltimore st

BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM, THE STAR AND SENTINEL.

Miscellaneous

F U R N I T U R E R O O M S ,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WARNER & CO.

INVITE special attention to their large assortment of Household Furniture, all of the best make and latest styles, which they are selling at City prices.

COTTAGE SUITS,

Containing BEDSTEAD, BUREAU, WASH-STAND, TEAPOY TABLE, FOUR CHAIRS, NURSE ROCKER, and TOWEL RACK—sold as low as $30. Also,

PARLOR & CHAMBER FURNITURE,

of all kinds in separate pieces—SOFAS, TABLES, CHAIRS, STANDS, BUREAUS, TOWEL RACKS, WARDROBES, WORK TABLES, DINING and BREAKFAST TABLES, EXTENSIVE TABLES, CRIBS, MATTRESSES, HAT RACKS, WHAT-NOTS, CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, STEP LADDERS, BRACKETS, &c., &c., and a large assortment of

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS.

TUCKER SPRING BOTTOM.

Call and Examine!

South-east corner of Centre Square.

Oct. 22, 1869.—tf

TYNDALE, MITCHELL & WOLF,

China, Glass and Earthen-ware,

NO. 707 CHESTNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA,

Fine Parisian Ganite,

The best stoneware in the market, sold at the prices of ordinary goods.

WHITE FRENCH CHINA,

in all the best shapes and styles.

Decorated Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets in great variety.

GLASS ENGRAVED ON THE PREMISES, AND CHINA DECORATED either in full sets or matchings, in the best manner.

FIRST-CLASS GOODS ONLY and LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Letters of inquiry in regard to prices, &c., of goods, promptly answered. [Mar. 4, 1870.—3m

RING'S VEGETABLE

AMBROSIA.

THIS FAVORITE HAIR RESTORER

has been before the public long enough to have been thoroughly tested and its increasing sale and popularity are the best evidences of its superior merit.

AS A RESTORER OF GRAY HAIR

to its original color it has no equal.

FOR CURING

HUMORS OF THE SCALP

and preventing itching it is wonderfully successful.

For Preventing the Hair

from falling off it is unfailing.

FOR RESTORING

HAIR TO BALD HEADS

It succeeds beyond Competition, although not always successful. Where the glands or follicles are not destroyed new Hairs is sure to grow after using it properly.

AS A DRESSING

nothing surpasses it. It imparts to dry, faded and wiry Hair that beautiful glossy appearance so much admired.

Containing no oil or grease it does not soil the finest linen.

It is compounded upon Scientific principles of the purest ingredients and is entirely harmless.

Being perfumed with the most fragrant Extracts its odor is delightful.

TESTIMONIALS

almost without number can be given if necessary but the

A M B R O S I A

is too well known to require it. Use it once and you will never be without it.

Sold by A. D. Buehler, J. M. Huber, R. Horner, Gettysburg, Pa., and by

DRUGGISTS AND MERCHANTS EVERYWHERE

PRICE ONE DOLLAR *PER BOTTLE.*

R. M. TUBS & CO., *Proprietors,* MANC